# The Huntingdon Journal.

VOL. 46. HUNTINGDON, PA., DECEMBER 20, 1871. NO. 50.



## Huntingdon Journal.

DURBORROW, - - J. A. NASH,
PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

*the Corner of Bath and Washington streets.*

HUNTINGDON JOURNAL is published every day, by J. R. DURBORROW and J. A. NASH, the firm name of J. R. DURBORROW & Co., at $2 a annum, IN ADVANCE, or $2,50 if not paid within six months from date of subscription, and $3 if not paid within the year.

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JOB PRINTING of every kind, in Plain and Fancy Colors, done with neatness and dispatch.—Cards, Bills, Blanks, Cards, Pamphlets, &c., of every description and style, printed at the shortest notice, and every thing in the Printing line will be executed in the most artistic manner and at the lowest prices.



### Professional Cards.

J. DENGATE, Surveyor, Warriorsmark, Pa. [ap12,'71.

J. CALDWELL, Attorney-at-Law, No. 111, 3d street. Office formerly occupied by Hon. Woods & Williamson. [ap12,'71.

R. R. WIESTLING, respectfully offers his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. Removed to No. 618½ Hill street, (SMITH'S BUILDING.) [apr.5,'71-1y.

J. C. FLEMMING respectfully offers his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. Office second floor of Brumbaugh's building, on corner of 4th and Hill streets. may24.

D. P. MILLER, Office on Hill street, in the room formerly occupied by Hon. M'Culloch, Huntingdon, Pa., would respectfully offer his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. [jan.4,'71.

A. B. BRUMBAUGH, offers his professional services to the community. Office, No. 523 Washington street, one door east of Catholic Parsonage. [jan.4,'71.

J. GREENE, Dentist. Office removed to Leister's new building, Hill street Huntingdon. [jan.4,'71.

S. L. ROBB, Dentist, office in S. T. Brewn's new building, No. 520, Hill St., Huntingdon, Pa. [ap12,'71.

GLAZIER, Notary Public, corner of Washington and Smith streets, Huntingdon, Pa. [jan.12'71.

C. MADDEN, Attorney-at-Law Office, No. —, Hill street, Huntingdon, [ap.19,'71.

SYLVANUS BLAIR, Attorney-at-Law, Huntingdon, Pa. Office, Hill street, doors west of Smith. [jan.4'71.

R. PATTON, Druggist and Apothecary, opposite the Exchange Hotel, Huntingdon, Pa. Prescriptions accurately compounded. Liquors for Medicinal purposes. [nov.23,'70.

HALL MUSSER, Attorney-at-Law, No. 319 Hill st., Huntingdon, Pa. [jan.4,'71.

R. DURBORROW, Attorney-at-Law, Huntingdon, Pa., will practice in the Courts of Huntingdon county. Particular attention given to the settlement of estates of decedents in he JOURNAL Building. [feb.1,'71.

A. POLLOCK, Surveyor and Real Estate Agent, Huntingdon, Pa., will attend promptly to all its branches. Will also buy, sell, rent Farms, Houses, and Real Estate of every kind, in any part of the United States. Send for circular. [jan.4'71.

W. MATTERN, Attorney-at-Law and General Claim Agent, Huntingdon, Pa., Collects claims against the Government for back pay, bounty, widows' and invalid pensions attended to with great care and promptness. Office on Hill street. [jan.4,'71.

ALLEN LOVELL, Attorney-at-Law, Huntingdon, Pa. Special attention given to COLLECTIONS of all kinds; to the settlement of Estates, &c.; and all other Legal Business entrusted with fidelity and dispatch. Office in room lately occupied by R. Milton Speer, Esq. [jan.4,'71.

M & M. S. LYTLE, Attorneys-at-Law, Huntingdon, Pa., will attend to all kinds of legal business entrusted to their care. Office on the south side of Hill street, fourth door from Smith. [jan.4,'71.

A. ORBISON, Attorney-at-Law, Office, 321 Hill street, Huntingdon, Pa. [may31,'71.

SCOTT. S. T. BROWN. J. M. BAILEY

SCOTT, BROWN & BAILEY, Attorneys-at-Law, Huntingdon, Pa. Pensions, claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs against government will be promptly prosecuted. Office on Hill street. [jan.4,'71.

W. MYTON, Attorney-at-Law, Huntingdon, Pa. Office with J. Sewell Stewart, [jan.4,'71.

WILLIAM A. FLEMING, Attorney-at-Law, Huntingdon, Pa. Special attention to collections, and all other legal business entrusted to with care and promptness. Office, No. 409 Hill street. [ap19,'71.

### Miscellaneous.

EXCHANGE HOTEL, Huntingdon, Pa. JOHN S. MILLER, Proprietor. January 4, 1871.

NEAR THE RAILROAD DEPOT,

COR. WAYNE and JUNIATA STREETT

UNITED STATES HOTEL,

HOLLIDAYSBURG, PA.

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ROBT. KING, Merchant Tailor, 412 Washington street, Huntingdon, Pa., a libral share of patronage respectfully solicited. April 12, 1871.

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HOWARD. J. H. CLOVER.

MORRISON HOUSE,

OPPOSITE PENNSYLVANIA R. R. DEPOT

HUNTINGDON, PA.

HOWARD & CLOVER, Prop's. April 5, 1871-1y.

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### New Advertisements.

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—:o:—

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Office corner of Washington and Bath Sts.,

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PAMPHLETS,
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ETC., ETC., ETC., ETC., ETC.,

—:o:—

Our facilities for doing all kinds of Job Printing superior to any other establishment in the county. Orders by mail promptly filled. All letters should be addressed,

J. R. DURBORROW & CO.


## The Muses' Bower.

### A Remembered Day.

BY JEAN INGELOW.

"The days of our life are three-score years and ten."

A BIRTHDAY—and now a day that rose
With much of hope, with meaning rife—
A thoughtful day from dawn to close;
The middle day of human life.

In sloping fields, on narrow plains
The sheep were feeding on their knees,
As we went through the winding lanes,
Strewed with red buds of alder trees.

So warm the day its influence lent
To flagging thought a stronger wing;
So utterly was winter spent.
So sudden was the birth of spring,

Wild crocus flowers in copse and hedge—
In sunlight, clustering thick below,
Sighed for the firwood's shaded ledge,
Where sparkled yet a line of snow.

And crowded snow drops faintly hung
Their fair heads over for the heat,
While in still air all branches flung
Their shadowy doubles at our feet.

And through the hedge the sunbeams crept,
Dropped through the maple and the birch;
And, lost in airy distance, slept
On the broad tower of Tamworth Church.

Then, lingering on the downward way,
A little space we resting stood,
To watch the golden haz that lay
Adown that river by the wood.

A distance vague, the bloom of sleep
The constant sun had lent the scene
A veiling charm on dingles deep
Lay soft those pastoral hills between.

There are some days that die not out,
Nor alter by reflection's power,
Whose converse calm, whose worlds devout,
Forever rest the spirit's dower.

And there are days when drops a vail—
A mist upon the distant past,
And while we say to peace, "All hail!"
We hope that always it shall last.

Time when the troubles of the heart
Are hushed—as winds were hushed that day—
And budding hopes begin to start,
Like those green hedge rows on our way.

When all within and all around,
When hues on that sweet landscape blend,
And Nature's hands has made to sound
The heartstrings that her touch attend.

When there are rays within, like those
That streamed through maple and thro' birch,
And rested in such calm repose
On the broad tower of Tamworth Church.

## The Story-Teller.

# FINGAL;

—OR,—

## MURDER WILL OUT.

NOT McPherson's hero of that name, but Thomas Camp-bell's Fingal—or, rather, he who was Thomas Campbell. Fingal was a dog, an excellent one; professionally, the best in the neighborhood. At an early age, in obedience to instincts descended through a long line of collies, he commenced the duties of shepherd's assistant in the service of his friend and master, then chief shepherd on the broad acres of the Duke of Athol. For five years, dating from the opening of our story, he had discharged the duties of his office with dog-like fidelity, and greatly more than even a collie's intelligence.

A large, strong brute was Fingal; being quite as much the superior in strength to those of his breed as he was their master in sagacity. But chiefly was he remarkable for his mental qualities. He was a very wise dog. Indeed, so undeniable were his claims to what is understood by the metaphysician as "reason," that, throughout the entire country side, it was said of him, "He can do everything, that's needed of him but speak."

Now, what I am going to relate of Fing—as for short he was called—may be regarded as truth or not, just as the reader pleases. I say this because the revelation I am about to make regarding him is truly marvellous, and therefore calculated to raise doubt.

Fing's master—by one of those pleasing dispensations which tend so much to rob death of its terror to their survivors—had fallen heir to a few hundred pounds; and being a man of much energy of character, he adopted the more remunerative business of drover, purchasing beeves and sheep, and disposing of them at fairs. For three years Thomas Campbell pursued his risky, wandering profession, each year adding to his importance as a dealer in stock. On all his trips, Fing, of course, was his never-failing companion.

Thomas Campbell was a bachelor, and lived with his brother Duncan, on a farm which they had bought between them.—The place was known as Craigburn. Duncan was the elder of the two sons; was married and had a family, the oldest being almost a full-grown man.

In those days, facilities in bank exchanges were not as they now are; so that persons going to remote places in the country took whatever cash they might have along with them in gold; thus subjecting themselves to the risks of robbery and probable murder.

Mr. Campbell, in his last trip, had doubled the number of the largest herd he had yet taken. An eager market awaited him at Falkirk fair, where his well-known manly character and fair dealing had made him a desirable party to a business transaction. Disposing of his stock to much advantage, he started for home. He travelled, as was usual in those days, on horseback, carrying his cash in a portmanteau behind his saddle. But Thomas Campbell never reached his home.

What became of him, no one knew.—The country was searched; but not the slightest trace could be found of the drover or his dog. The horse, too, was missing. If blood had been spilt, the sharp, drenching rains of late autumn had washed it all away. Being well known along the route, he could be tracked to within ten miles of Craigburn. There, mystery enveloped his fate in thrice-folded darkness.

His brother had offered a reward of five hundred pounds for the discovery of his body should he be found dead; and if it appeared that he had been murdered, he promised the remaining part of Thomas' fortune, including his share of the farm, for the apprehension of the murderer. To this latter clause the Duke added two hundred pounds from his private purse.

Nearly a week had passed from the date when the drover and the dog were last seen; and Sabbath morning found the afflicted Campbells still mourning over the fate of their lost relative. The morning family service had passed, and Duncan went out to ponder over the terrible dispensation that had stricken the strong man down in his strength, and deprived him of a brother. He had barely passed the outer door when he observed an animal slowly crawling up the lane leading to the house.

"What can it be?" said he.

At first it struck him as if it were stealing along to pounce upon some stray domestic fowl. But, on more closely watching its motions, he saw that its frequent steps suggested exhaustion rather than caution; that its movements partook too much of feebleness to be a beast of prey—a wolf, for instance, or a large sized badger. Calling to his son Donald, who stood at the window, to come out, they approached the strange looking animal together. It had stopped, and lay as if incapable of dragging itself much further; and seeing them, it uttered a low, plaintive whine, and slightly moved its tail.

"Oh, father, it's Fingal!" cried the son, as he started with all speed toward the wretched brute.

True enough, it was Fing; but so emaciated by hunger and bodily suffering as to be hardly recognizable.

Raising the dog carefully up between them, in a few minutes more he lay upon a soft mat in a room adjoining the kitchen. Donald, weeping like a boy, sat down beside him; and raising the battered head on his leg, placed close to his muzzle a small pan of milk, which he greedily but painfully lapped.

There was not a dry eye in the family; each of the household, from the "gude man" to the farm servants, condoling with the skinny, maimed animal. And truly, the poor dog presented a most pitiable condition. A deep gash, partially healed, in his neck told plainly enough he had been shot. His head, too, was terribly mangled, as if it had been smashed with a heavy instrument. Various other bruises were found upon him. In addition to these revolting cruelties, he was a mere skeleton, his bones actually protruding through his skin.

"My word for it, we'll have a clue to the mystery now," said Mrs. Campbell, at which Fing feebly wagged his tail, as if in acknowledgment of the compliment to his sagacity.

"Tak' ye nae heed no. maister," said the servant-lass. "There's a Providence here; and be sure o' this, when there's naebody else to tak' care o' the doug, I'll be wi' him."

In a short time a little milk was again placed before him, which he ravenously, but with evident distress, licked up.

"Puir Fing!" was the exclamation from all; and, sympathy ruling the hour, found Fing with attendants constantly at his side. For three days and nights was he so nursed. After that he was enabled to sit, but looking woefully "disjaskit" (sick and exhausted). Fing, however, was convalescent, and bade fair at no distant date to be as much of a dog as ever.

About a month more had passed, and a meeting of neighbors was being held at Craigburn. Fing, well recovered, was actively trotting up and down the lane, accompanying each visitor that came. As many as a dozen persons had assembled.

Over a glass of toddy—for in those days the bottle presided at all deliberations—they were discussing the great mystery and the possible chance of the dog's return throwing light on the subject. Fing was present. Sitting on his haunches he seemed to be taking as intelligent an interest as the wisest. He would prick up his ears at an observation that seemed to tally with his own comprehension of the matter; then drop his head at some other, as if he might say, "No, it is useless to do that."

Noticing the intelligence manifested by the animal, the Duke's principal gamekeeper, a man greatly esteemed for courage and intelligence, remarked, "If the reward will ever become due, there is the one that it will fall to," pointing to Fing. The dog wagged his tail; and, moving up to the game keeper, put his muzzle on his knee.

"The likes o' that!" was the general exclamation.

The special discussion having been exhausted, conversation began to take a more convivial turn. Fing, perceiving it, curled himself up in a corner by an intermediate door. He had lain there for an hour or so, when one of the guests dropped a tumbler upon the floor, breaking it.

"Oh, just never mind that, Mr. Donaldson," cried Mrs. Campbell, from an adjoining room. "When the chapman, Cuthbert, comes——"

At the mention of the pedlar's name, Fing arose at a bound, barking furiously, and gnashing his teeth in a frenzy of rage, while his hair stood up as if turned to bristles.

"The dog's gaen mad!" cried a guest.

"What's the matter, Fing?" said Duncan.

The dog, in the fierce extremity of his anger, fairly howled. Duncan, after quieting him, sat for a moment, overcome with thought. Then, hastily arising, and calling Fing to follow him, he left the room, followed by the dog.

After passing half way down the lane, Duncan turned to Fing, and shouted "Cuthbert!" The same degree of rage was exhibited as when, in the room, his wife mentioned the name.

"Cuthbert!" he repeated: "Find him out!"

With a fierce howl of delight at the order, the dog bounded down the lane; then, returning barked savagely, as if at an imaginary enemy. And so he kept bounding down the lane and returning, as if inviting Duncan to follow him.

Mr. Campbell returned to the house, and asked his guests to excuse him; then mounting a horse, he followed Fing. The dog, as if understanding that he was understood, now settled down to a quiet jog, taking the direction leading south.

"On the track at last," thought the brother, as he trotted along the rough highway, following the detective Fing.

Two miles were passed; he full of confidence in the ultimate result of their journey, the dog ever and anon pricking his ears, as if anticipating the approach of the man he sought. Leaving the main road, Fing sprung into a bridle-path on a patch of moorland. The way was a cross-cut by which the distance to the nearest town was shortened by a couple of miles. At a short distance further it wound up a steep hill, at the top of which it struck along a rocky escarpment leaving a sheer depth of two hundred feet, at the base of which the Tay murmured on its gleaming passage to the sea. On his left a forest of firs climbed, shadowing and frowning, entirely shutting out the eastern part of the heavens. There was no house within three miles either north, south or west; and on the eastern side the inhabitants to be seen were away on the bottom lands, far beyond the reach of human voice. A fit place for outrage and blood.

Along that road the pedlar had passed about the time the drover disappeared; and along that road Thomas Campbell was in the habit of returning from the lowlands. How it was that the circumstances of the pedlar's passage through that part of the country at that time had never been mentioned, was this: Rory Cuthbert, the chapman, had supplied the inhabitants of that dreary, out-of-the-way region for years, sustaining a reputation for honest dealing with all. It is true, some ugly stories about his cruelty and want of patriotism during the rebellion of 1845 had been circulated; but as he had not been alone in his lack of sympathy with the Pretender, his meanness as a spy were forgotten in his fair dealings as a trader. He travelled with a single horse, putting up at house wherever night overtook him. Another thing which helped to give him immunity from suspicion of wrong doing, he had the reputation of being a God-fearing man, habitually taking part in the simple morning and evening religious exercises of the people at whose houses he staid, and not unfrequently asking a blessing at the table over the family meals. Cuthbert was well known at the home of the Campbell brothers, having made Craigburn a stopping-place when passing. Being a man of much information, and constantly on the wing, he was a bearer of news; therefore a most likely person to be welcomed to the house of an intelligent family. So apparently inoffensive a man was not likely to be mixed up with murders and robbery.

About midway of this desolate stretch of road, a natural bridge spans a rugged chasm, its narrow passage barely admitting a single carriage. A more dismal spot it were hard to conceive. An abrupt turn closes the road both ways; and on either side the tall sombre pine closed out everything beyond, save a narrow strip of blue above. Beneath yawns the fearful throat of the gorge, the vexed waters crushing their impetuous way past jagged cliffs till they mingle in the roar of the waterfall that leaps into the river below.

On approaching this spot, Fing gave mouth to a succession of fierce yelps, his rage increasing as he neared it. On the bridge his savagery was little less than madness. Howl after howl of tiger-like ferocity roused the echoes, intermingled with convulsive snapping of his jaws, as if tearing at an imaginary adversary. All at once his fury ceased, and, squatting on his body, he commenced dragging himself along towards the woods to the left.

Dismounting, Duncan followed him until he came to a clump of heather, into which he crawled, as if in great pain, and lay down; then crawling out, he commenced walking slowly in the direction of Craigburn. No trace of blood was visible. If blood had been shed there, nature had wiped everything clean again with drenching rains.

"That'll do, Fing," said Duncan to his companion, who was still crawing painfully along. The dog, resuming his natural position, led the way back to the road.

The conclusions of Duncan Campbell from the premises afforded by the dog, were that the bridge had been the scene of his brother's murder, and the attempted destruction of Fing. That the drover had been suddenly attacked—shot, perhaps—and tumbled over into the chasm; that Fingal, too, had been shot and felled by the pistol in the ruffian's hands; but that, after the murder, he had succeeded in saving his life by stealing to the hiding-place which had served him as a hospital, leaving nature to do the surgery.

On regaining the bridge, Fing stood on the centre, looking wistfully down among the crags; he whining and trembling the while as if desperately weighing the chances of success in leaping down from cliff to cliff in search of the beloved friend he had seen tossed over in the helplessness of death.

"Na, na, Fing, come back. We've got a better use for you than that. Listen! Cuthbert! Find him out!"

The sagacious dog leaped wildly about for an instant.

"Down, Fing: not now, my man; ye're a good doug," said Duncan, patting the colly on the head; "and so sure as there is a God in heaven, Thomas shall be revenged. Now, let's gang back."

Duncan imparted his conclusions only to his wife.

"Cuthbert might get wind of it, ye see," he said, "and so make him rin the country. Fingal and I will leave the morn's mornin', on the path of retribution; and guided by the reason—for there's nae instict about it—o' Fing, justice shall be vindicated and society in fure be protected frae the bluidy hands and the black heart o' a villian and a murderer."

Fing, who was a participant in this interview, sat listening to the revelation made to his mistress; and at the end of the conference he fawned upon her, licking her hand, as if beseeching her to offer no objection to the contemplated journey.

After the preparations for a short absence from his home, Duncan and his wife entered the large kitchen, where his son Donald was, along with two farm laborers and the servant lassie. His presence at once arrested their attention.

"Donald, my man," said the father, "business makes it necessary that I gang doon to the Lowlands for a week or sae, may be lang or short, let things gang on at Craigburn just the same. The journey I'm about takin' you'll be jaloosin (suspecting) the nature o'; but, for the present, naething mair can be said."

"Dinna be feared, father," replied the son; "gang your ways, and the Lord be wi' you on yir errand. Rob and Tam here and mysulf will gie a good account o' ourse1s when ye come back. It's comin' on winter, and there will be but little to dae; but what shoud be dune will be dune; winna it, lads?"

"There's nae fear o' us, maister," the men replied.

"Nae, sir, not a bit," added the lassie.

"Noo let us pray that a successfu' termination may be given to the journey," said Duncan Campbell; "for without the help o' the Lord there's nae wisdom in human effort—or doug effort aither."

A portion of the sacred writing having been read, the family of the mountaineer knelt by their seats, and the father offered up a prayer to the God of the merciful for their protection during his absence, closing with the entreaty that justice might not sleep nor duty slumber till the mystery of his brother should be unfolded. "Make bare thine arm, O Lord, against the evildoer. Let him not go free. Thou hast promised that out of the weak things of earth, the wisdom of the wicked shall be confounded and Thy name glorified. Make it sae in this instance. Here is but a doug, a puir wordless doug, to guide; but with Thee everything is possible. Keep the seal of silence upon the lips o' this humble household till justice shall be vindicated, and Thine shall be the praise and the glory. Amen."

Early next morning, Duncan Campbell, mounted on a strong, swift horse, accompanied by Fing, started for the Lowlands.

Two weeks had passed, but no traces of the pedlar could be found. The news of the mysterious disappearance of the drover had traveled along the route to Falkirk; and the honest, noble character of Thomas Campbell having gained him many friends, the brother was everywhere met with sympathy and offers of service. Fing, too, was well known, and frequent were the compliments he received on learning the sufferings he had undergone.

"Ye dinna suspect Cuthbert, dae ye?" many inquired.

"I'm anxious to hear his deponment before a magistrate, thit' a'," Duncan would cautiously reply.

Another week had passed, and still no traces of the pedlar.

"He maun hae fled the country," thought Duncan. "But our pilgrimage is not yet ended, Fing. Let us on, my man."

Fing, however, needed no encouragement to go on; for, if apprehensive that his companion might become weary of the search, he always kept in advance of the horse, hopefully sniffing the road to catch scent of the prey he sought.

Packmen were numerous in those days. Indeed, it was to the pedlar that country people were indebted for all small articles of merchandise. Being numerous, they were all more or less known to each other by reputation. Duncan had got as far south as Cumberland in England.

"Cuthbert, did ye say?" replied one of the tramping fraternity of whom Duncan had made inquiry respecting the object of his search. "Ou, ave, I've heard o' him. He traveled in the Heelants (Highlands). Ye'll find him—if I hev na been wrongly informed—in the toon o' Frameholt, in England here, about nin miles frae the ceety o' Hull. He's aboot to open a braw (showy) shop there. He did a thrivin' business in the Heelants. Ye seem tae be agitated, gude man. Is there anything unco (wonderful) about Cuthbert?"

But, without answering the man, Duncan put spurs to his horse, and pursued his journey with increased haste. Fing seemed to catch an inkling of the information just imparted to his companion. He bounded on in advance, his ears pricked forward, and the hair of his tail, neck, and back stiffly bristling. Putting his horse to his utmost, a few days more saw Duncan within an hour's ride of his victim. At the outskirts of the village of Frameholt, he met a laborer, of whom he inquired about Cuthbert.

"You'll find 'im oop theere t' village," he replied.

Muffling his face with his plaid, Duncan rode up to the inn, and giving his horse in charge of the hostler, he called for the landlord.

"I want to see a magistrate," said the Highlander. He was informed where one could be found.

"Come, Fing, stick close to me," said Duncan. "If you should get yir e'e on him afore I did, it might breed mischief."

In an hour after the arrival of the pursuers, Cuthbert, the whilom packman was a prisoner in charge of a constable; and that same evening found him in the county gaol, charged with the crime of murder.

In due time the prisoner was tried. The proof, however, was found insufficent to convict him. A large sum of gold was found in his possession, but that, it was argued, he might have earned by his business. The fact of his having slept at the house of Duncan the night before the disappearance of the drover, however much it might breed suspicion, was no evidence against him. The story of the dog was only wondered at. The prisoner was discharged.

But justice stood at the door of the court, ready to receive him.

No sooner had he entered the outer hall leading to the street, than Fingal, with a savage howl of revenge, sprang to his throat, and, locking his strong jaws, which enclosed the chapman's windpipe, he hung to him till they fell together. His clenched fangs defied all expedients to open them. Growling and tugging, like a famished tiger, insensible alike to the blows and kicks of the bystanders, he kept his grip till his victim lay motionless as a corpse.

A surgeon was called; but the fangs of the colly had done their worst. The pedlar recovered consciousness only long enough to confess his guilt.

## Reading for the Million.

### The Old-Fashioned Mother.

Thank God! some of us have an old-fashioned mother. Not a woman of the period, enameled and painted, with her great chignon, her curls and bustle; whose white jeweled hands never have felt the clasp of the baby fingers; but a dear, old-fashioned, sweet voiced mother, with eyes in whose clear depths the love light shone, and brown hair threaded with silver, lying smooth upon her faded cheek. Those dear hands worn with toil gently guided our tottering steps in childhood and smoothed our pillow in sickness; even reaching out to us in yearning tenderness when her sweet spirit was baptized in the pearly spray of the river. Blessed is the memory of an old fashioned mother. It floats to us now like the beautiful perfume of some woodland blossoms. The music of other voices may be lost, but the entrancing memory of hers will echo in our souls forever. Other faces will fade away and be forgotten, but hers will shine on until the light from heaven's portals shall glorify our own.

When in the fitful pauses of busy life our feet wander back to the old homestead, and crossing the well-worn threshhold, stand once more in the low, quaint room, so hallowed by her presence, how the feeling of childish innocence and dependence comes over us, and we kneel down in the molten sunshine streaming through the western window—just where, long years ago, we knelt by our mother's knee, lisping "Our Father." How many times, when the tempter lured us on, has the memory of those sacred hours, that mother's words, her faith and prayers, saved us from plunging into the deep abyss of sin! Years have filled great drifts between her and us, but they have not hidden from our sight the glory of her pure, unselfish love.

EARLY RISING.—Whoever has tasted the breath of morning, knows that the most invigorating and most delightful hours of the day are commonly spent in bed; though it is the evident intention of nature that we should enjoy and profit by them. Children awake early, and would be up and stirring long before the arrangements of the family permit them to use their limbs. We are thus broken in from childhood to an injurious habit; that habit might be shaken off with more ease than it was first imposed. We rise with the sun at Christmas, it were better continuing to do so until the middle of April, and without any perceptible change we should find ourselves then rising at 5 o'clock, at which hour we might continue until September, and then accommodate ourselves again to the change of season.

### The Life to Come.

The things that are out of sight are transcendently greater than those which are seen. Only a child or a savage has his life bounded by the visible horizon, or the limit of the present moment. And no more should the things of the present existence bound our thoughts. On what ineffable realities does Christian belief lay hold! This world is a mere starting point. Beyond lies an eternity as certain as to-morrow, with glories which the highest human imagination dimly paints. We stand on the brink of a sublime future. It does not become us to live with our eyes closed to it. Steadily looked at, there is power enough even in the anticipation to fill us with rejoicing strength, peace untold victory complete. Perhaps you are beset with the cares of life, perplexities of business, of bread winning, of household ordering. Let not these things darken you with painful apprehension, or fill the whole measure of your thoughts. A few years and you shall look back on them and smile that they could cloud your way for a moment! Are you weighed down with weakness of body, crippling your powers, crushing your enjoyment? Be of good courage. The strength of the seraph shall be yours.—No athlete, rejoicing in manly power, tastes the supreme freedom and joy of the spiritual body that awaits you. Does trouble assail you with bitter and heart-piercing blows? Rejoice and lift up your head, for the time of your redemtion draweth nigh. The homeward traveler complains not at beating wind and drenching rain, he hardly feels them, just before him he knows lies the home from whose windows streams the promise of warmth and comfort; and within are the dear ones the very thought of whom is shield against wet and cold. Is your life dark through the absence of the one whose presence glorified it. Remember how the brief parting used to give sweetness to the meeting. The parting now, long though it seem, is but a moment at the union to to which you are drawing near. Its sweetness, its full certainty of an unbroken future, shall have a depth which the worst pang now can not measure. Are you walking in the ways of sin leaving often your higher life to grovel in the mire of earth. O, be not ungrateful to the love that may hereafter be revealed to your sight? You are a prince, whose kingdom has been bought with a great price, dishonor not Him who bought your inheritance with his blood. Are you living in sluggishness, an animal life of eating and sleeping, and low self-seeking? You are chosing animalhood instead of angelhood. You are turning your back on Heaven opening to win you. Or are you, while striving and aspiring for the better things, sad at heart because God is yet far off, and dim to your thoughts? Be patient. Never was such cause for patience as you have. The Revelation, the awakening, is not far off. You are as a child asleep beneath its mother's eyes. Shadowy dreams are all his mind can reach. A moment more, and it shall awake to the mother's kiss, the mother's smile pouring forth to it the unuttered tenderness of her heart.

These things are real. They are certain. Rather, such thoughts but dimly express the real and certain future. It becomes us to look upon that future often, to let its radiance fill our hearts, that we may walk worthy of the vocation wherewith we are called. All we hold here that is bright and dear is but the faint image of the world just beyond our horizon line, toward which each step is taking us.—*Christian Union.*

### "Gone, but not Forgotten."

The editor of the Colorado *Herald* had occasion to leave town for three or four day, and he committed his paper, during his absence, to the charge of a young man, a novice in journalism, whom he had just engaged as an assistant. Before leaving, he instructed the ambitious young editor not to permit any chance to go unimproved, and to force the paper and its very small subscription price upon the attention of the public.

"Always keep before your mind the fact that the object of this paper is to increase its circulation," he said, "and whenever you see a chance to insert a puff of the *Herald* in any notice you can make, pile in as thick as you can. Keep the people stirred up all the time, you understand, so that they will believe that our paper is the greatest sheet in the United States."

The parting tear was shed and the editor left. The following night, when he was far away from home, his wife died suddenly. Upon the assistant devolved the unpleasant duty of announcing the sad intelligence to the public. He did it as follows:

"'GONE, BUT NOT FORGOTTEN.'

"We are compelled this morning to perform a duty which is peculiarly painful to the able assistant editor, who has been engaged on this paper at an enormous expense, in accordance with our determination to make the *Herald* a first class journal. Last night death suddenly snatched away from her domestic hearth (the best are advertised under the head of Stoves and Furnaces upon our first page) Agatha Burns, wife of Rufus P. Burns, the gentlemanly editor of the *Herald*. Terms, three dollars per year, invariably in advance. A kind mother and exemplary wife. Office over Coleman's grocery store, up two flights of stairs. Knock hard.—We shall miss thee, mother, we shall miss thee." Job printing solicited. Funeral at half-past four, from the house just across the street from the *Herald* office. Gone to be an angel now. Advertisements inserted for ten cents a square."

Well, the editor arrived at home that day at noon. Slowly and sadly he was observed to arm himself with a double-barreled fowling piece, into which he inserted two pounds and a half of bullets.—He marched over to the office, followed by an immense crowd. The assistant editor was busy at the time painting a big placard to be tacked on the hearse. It bore the legend: "Buy your coffins at Simm's over the *Herald* office." The assistant editor cast his eye around and perceived his chief. Care was set upon that wan cheek and thunder clothed his brow. He levelled his gun. The assistant did not wait. With one wild and awful yell he jumped from the second story window, and struck out for the golden shores of the Pacific. But there is only one editor now, and the clerk in the office has standing orders to blow out the brains of any man who brings an obituary notice to that office.

A Michigander sweetly contemplates tons of honey which he has married the past year.

The Spiritualist's motto: What's the odds as long as you're rappy.!

### Didn't Want a Minister.

Scene in a far Western State. A village composed mostly of rude mining huts called "houses," "cottages," "taverns," etc., though really they were but "shanties."—An old man sick on his bed. A friend, Governor J. W. Nye, seeing that his end was close at hand, showed him many kind attentions and endeavored to ease his sufferings in every possible way. One day, when it was quite evident that the poor patient could last only a few hours, the Governor said to him: "It is undoubtedly best that you should know the truth; you are a very sick man, and will in all probability live but a short time. Are your affairs in the condition that you should wish to have them? I should be glad to do anything for you, you know."

"Yes, they're all right."

"Well, would you like me to write to any of your folks East?"

"Not now.—after it is over."

"Would you like me to call in a minister?"

The sick man, by a great effort of will over a weak and shattered body, drew himself up in bed so as to be in a sitting posture, and sternly, most soberly and earnestly said: "Why, Governor! What should I want a minister for? *I never voted the Democratic ticket in my life!*"

### Miscellaneous News Items.

An Indiana roostes catcher mice.

The "Parepa Sausage-Cutter" is in the market.

A Philadelphian will soon supply Russia with 500 locomotives.

Memphis claims to have succeeded Chicago as the divorce metropolis.

The American youth of tender age now guzzle "Alexis Ginger Ale."

A Georgia jury rendered a verdict of "Guilty of voluntary manslaughter."

An Atlantic eleven-year-old shot and killed a playfellow in a quarrel over a mudpie.

And now the non-explosives have taken to killing people without anybody touching them.

Texans are now effecting linen coats, and talking about the balminess of Indian Summer.

Pittsburgh politicians accuse one another of making use of "skulduggery and shenanigan."

At Charleston, S. C., those who applaud a performer at the wrong place are liable to arrest

The part of the column Vendome which commemorated the victories over the Prussians cannot be found.

A vigorous Connecticut preacher actually kicked his pulpit to pieces, and was with difficulty fished out of the ruins.

These "immense estates" will soon become a drug in the market. Now a Detroiter has learned that he is heir to one in Amsterdam.

An Indiana criminal wept copiously when his term of imprisonment expired and the inhuman jailor thrust him out into the cold world again.

A Georgia train ran off the track, and, after breaking one man's leg, jumped back on the rails, and ran on again as if nothing had happened.

The Sunbury and Lewistown railroad company advertises its readiness to pay all just claims which parties may hold against it.

The steamship Nina, from New York for Cardiff, has been abandoned at sea. Her crew were saved by the steamship Aleppo, from Boston, and landed at Liverpool.

At a fashionable Louisville party, a dispute between two gentlemen in regard to dancing with a young lady, led to the production of pistols and many feminine shrieks.

That unfortunate Californian, named Ortez, has had to pay Lotta K. Turner $7,500 for merely writing love letters to her. She sued him for breach of promise and obtained that amount on her own evidence merely, although no promise of marriage was found in his letters.

### State News.

Small-pox is increasing in Fayette county.

Allentown is being supplied with new fire plugs.

The small-pox continues to spread in Philadelphia.

Olive Logan is on a lecturing tour in Clarion and Jefferson counties.

The Pottsville street railroad is to be completed to Minersville this week.

The iron business at Sharpsville is regarded as being in a flourishing and promising condition.

Almost every city and borough in the State has its home for friendless children, well sustained.

Cornwall ore banks, five miles south of Lebanon, are the largest iron ore deposits on the hemisphere.

Miile. Janauschek will make an early tour through the

# The Huntingdon Journal.

J. R. DURBORROW, - - - - - - EDITOR

HUNTINGDON, PENN'A.

Wednesday Morning, Dec. 20, 1871.


# THE JOURNAL FOR 1872!

## A Rare Chance to Secure the Leading Literature of the Day!

### CHEAPNESS COMBINED WITH SUBSTANTIALITY

Every head of a family, in the country, should subscribe and pay for his county paper. He that attempts to raise a family without giving it the advantage of a newspaper, in this enlightened and christian age, is criminally negligent. We think that every man, without exception, raising a family, should spend from FIVE dollars to TWENTY-FIVE dollars a year, according to his means, for this kind of education, and we hope to live to see the day when there will not be an exception to this rule in Huntingdon county.

We want every body in the county to take the JOURNAL, we don't care what party you belong to—Republican, Democrat or Temperance man. If you are a Republican, we are with you heart and soul; if a Democrat, you ought to know what we have to say about you, so that you can act and vote intelligently, and if you are a temperance man, we assure you that no one will administer severer blows upon the whiskey business than the JOURNAL will, and if the whiskey men don't like it, why let them do as they do with whiskey that is distasteful, take the less of it. We believe newspapers, like preachers and school teachers, should be on the side of morality and good order. But the JOURNAL will uphold only that which we, in our humble judgment, think to be right, regardless of consequences.

The development of the county, in every respect, will be its constant and undeviating aim, and in this respect it will be to every man's interest to subscribe for it. We want to build up Manufactures, Mechanics and the Arts on every hand, and by subscribing for the JOURNAL you assist and encourage us in our designs.

The next year will be an eventful one; a President, Vice President, Governor and Congress are to be elected and a Constitutional Convention will be selected to remodel the Constitution of the State. We have outgrown the old one, and if you want to keep posted you must have the papers. Take the JOURNAL first, and if you won't take it, in the name of intelligence, take some other one, but don't be without the news.

For the purpose of distributing good Literature, in connection with the JOURNAL, which we think good enough of itself, we have arranged to furnish the following-named leading periodicals, jointly for the remarkably low price stated below:

| | Subscription Price of Both. | Journal and Club Price. | Club Price. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Phrenological Journal and Life Illustrated | 3 00 | 3 50 | |
| Appleton's Journal | 4 00 | 4 75 | |
| Eclectic Magazine | 5 00 | 5 50 | |
| Galaxy | 4 00 | 4 75 | |
| The Aldine and Chromo | 5 00 | 5 50 | |
| American Agricultural | 1 50 | 2 75 | |
| Hearth and Home | 3 00 | 4 00 | |
| Frank Le Le's illustrated Newspaper | 4 00 | 5 00 | |
| " " Chimney Corner | 4 00 | 5 00 | |
| " " Boys and Girls' Weekly | 2 50 | 3 75 | |
| " " Budget of Fun | 1 50 | 2 75 | |
| " " Pleasant Hours | 1 50 | 2 75 | |
| " " Lady's Magazine | 3 00 | 4 00 | |
| Scribner's Monthly | 4 00 | 4 75 | |
| Godey's Lady's Book | 3 00 | 4 00 | |
| The Atlantic Monthly | 4 00 | 4 75 | |
| Our Young Folks | 2 00 | 3 25 | |
| Every Saturday | 5 00 | 5 75 | |
| The North American Review | 6 00 | 6 75 | |
| Harper's Magazine | 4 00 | 5 00 | |
| " Weekly | 4 00 | 5 00 | |
| " Bazar | 4 00 | 5 00 | |

If any of our subscribers will come forward and pay up for 1871 and 1872 we will give them the advantage of these club rates, or if any of our subscribers, who have paid up, desire to take advantage of these rates and will signify the same to us, we will give them the same terms. We do this so that there may be no dissatisfaction, and to place good and cheap literature within the reach of everybody. Look at the above rates and then enclose the price (naming the Magazine) set in the last column, to us, and by due course of mail you will receive the JOURNAL and the Magazine specified. Send money at our risk when enclosed in the presence of the postmaster. Address,

J. R. DURBORROW & CO.,
Huntingdon, Penn'a.

## A RARE CHANCE.

If any young lady or gentleman will secure us six new cash subscribers, to the JOURNAL, and this can be done in any neighborhood in a few hours, we will agree to make the person doing so a present of one year's subscription to any one of the FOUR DOLLAR Magazines. Here is a chance seldom offered. *The Atlantic*, or *Harper*, or *Scribner*, or *Galaxy*, or any other of the leading FOUR dollar publications, for one year, for a few minutes labor! This is a chance for school teachers.

No PAPER.—There will be no paper issued from this office next week.

☞ An Iowa hunter treed by a bear, succeeded in repelling the attack of Bruin by throwing salt in his eyes. He believes strongly now in the preserving qualities of salt.

☞ The Lancaster county prison was discovered to be on fire on Monday morning, of last week, causing an immense amount of consternation among the occupants, who were, for a time, in danger of being roasted alive.

☞ Alex. H. Stevens is still hopeful for the future of the Democratic party. He thinks with a "suitable outfit of principles," victory will be certain in the coming Presidential contest, and that the "lost cause" should not be abandoned. He is good counsel.

## THE APPORTIONMENT BILL.

The bill now under consideration in the House of Representatives to apportion the members of Congress to the several States provides that after the 3d of March, 1873, the House shall consist of 281 members, to be apportioned as follows:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Maine | 5 | Kentucky | 10 |
| New Hampshire | 2 | Tennessee | 9 |
| Vermont | 2 | Indiana | 12 |
| Massachusetts | 11 | Illinois | 19 |
| Rhode Island | 2 | Arkansas | 4 |
| Connecticut | 4 | Michigan | 5 |
| New York | 32 | Florida | 1 |
| New Jersey | 7 | Texas | 6 |
| Pennsylvania | 26 | Iowa | 9 |
| Delaware | 1 | Wisconsin | 8 |
| Maryland | 6 | California | 4 |
| Virginia | 9 | Minnesota | 3 |
| North Carolina | 8 | Missouri | 12 |
| South Carolina | 5 | Oregon | 1 |
| Georgia | 9 | Kansas | 3 |
| Alabama | 7 | West Virginia | 3 |
| Mississippi | 6 | Nevada | 1 |
| Louisiana | 5 | Nebraska | 1 |
| Ohio | 19 | | |

Two sections providing for an increase of members in the present Congress were stricken out. Pennsylvania gains two members under this bill.

## THE DUTY ON WOOL.

Free Traders and Revenue Reformers are preparing to make a vigorous effort to induce Congress to remove the duty from wool. The duty varies according to the different varieties and grades of the article, ranging from three cents per pound upward. The average upon the great bulk of wools imported is 10 cents per pound, and 11 per cent advalorem. The quantity imported during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1870, was 49,230,199 lbs.; value $6,743,350. During the year ending June 30, 1871, the importation was 68,058,028 lbs.; value $9,780,443.

Our woollen manufactures have increased with great rapidity under the protective tariff. We produced in 1868, the latest returns at hand, 175 millions of dollars worth of woollen goods, and imported similar goods to the value of 65 millions.

Our woollen manufactures now give employment to 120,000 operatives, and consume annually the fleeces of 35 million sheep, an important item in agricultural industry. The American Merino sheep are among the best and most prolific in the world. Dr. Randall, the highest American authority on sheep husbandry, in his Report of the Paris position, says:

"It appears, first, that prime American Merinos produced more washed wool in 1854—6, than was produced of unwashed wool by the original stock in Spain, at their prime; [period] second, that prime American Merinos produce about as much scoured wool, now, as they did of washed wool in 1854—6, and nearly twice as much as the picked Merino flock of the King of Great Britain took to Paris. Ten unobjectionably prime as much scoured wool as the average of the prime Spanish flocks of that period."

Before the duty on wool was increased, our Merino wool cut one was on the eve of being destroyed, by the immense increase of the wool product and the export of South American contre—La Plata and Buenos Ayres. The increase was, in La Plata alone, in seven years, from 7 million up to 59 million pounds per annum. The wool growers and manufacturers of the United States came together to compare notes and consult each other on the subject. The wool growers demanded an increase of duty on wool, and manufacturers assented. The duty was raised, and the result was the salvation of the wool industry of this country. The tariff saved it, and the importation of wool from Buenos Ayres and the Cape of Good Hope fell from 46,000 bales in the year to only about 7,000 bales. The quantity of imported wool is again increasing. To do justice to the manufactures a neutralizing duty was put upon cloth, and these two great industries were thus saved to our country.

"But," say the Revenue Reformers and Free Traders, "you have thus benefitted the farmers and the manufacturers at the expense of the masses." This is not according to fact. But admitting the charge for the sake of argument, is it not better to pay a little more for cloths, ladies' wear, and carpets, if thereby we can secure employment for 200,000 farmers and artisans, and retain at home 175 millions dollars that would otherwise be sent out of the country for carpets, cloths, ladies' mixed goods, under goods, flannels, and hosiery?

But the charge that prices are permanently increased cannot be sustained. During the war all goods were enhanced in prices; but to-day the prices of woollen fabrics are not higher in gold—in most cases not so high—as they were in 1860. This has been demonstrated by actual examination. More than this: On certain kinds of carpets and woollen fabrics, English manufacturers have been compelled to reduce their prices in order to effect sales in our markets. After pointing out, in a pamphlet recently published the great advance made in the United States, during the last ten years, in the variety and quality of woollen fabrics, Mr. J. L. Hayes, of Boston, an excellent authority, says:

"But the great fact to be looked at is, that we have not only done all this, but we have been entitled to make the goods cheaper through the competition that grows out of our protective system."

Mr. Hayes supports his position by comparing the prices of 1860, and at the present time, in gold, at some of the principal wholesale houses for woolen goods. Space will not allow of going into details; but the facts are accessible to all enquirers. Enough has been adduced to convince every reasonable mind of the wisdom of extending to sheep husbandry, and to its kindred industry, wool manufacturers, that fostering care that has so successfully sustained these two great sources of employment and industrial independence.

☞ Mr. Speer, of this district, on leave, introduced the following bill into the Lower House of Congress, on Dec. 11, 1871, which we think a very sensible measure.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, that all pensions which have been granted, or which may hereafter be granted, for or in consequence of death occurring, or wounds received, or disease contracted, in the military or naval service of the United States in the late war for the suppression of the rebellion, shall commence and be payable from the date of the discharge or the death of the person on whose account the pension has been, or shall hereafter be, granted: *Provided*, That the application for such pension has been, or shall be, filed with the Commissioner of Pensions before the first day of January, eighteen hundred and seventy-three; except that the applications in behalf of insane persons and children under sixteen years of age may be filed after the expiration of the said time, if previously thereto they were without guardians or other proper legal representatives: *Provided further*, That this act shall not apply to pensions granted under special laws.

SEC. 2. That all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act be, and the same are hereby, repealed.

## OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

*Congressional Labor—Calling in the U. S. Bonds—Civil Service Reform—George Wilkes in Politics—The Next President—The New York Herald's Impeachment Plot—The Tariff—Reducing Taxation—The New French Minister—Col. Douglass Confirmed—Gen. Schenck—Sir. Ed. Thornton.*

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 18, 1871.

CONGRESSIONAL LABOR.

The Senate and House of Representatives are pressing forward the business of the session with commendable despatch. The respective committees have taken hold of their work, and are preparing it for Congressional action immediately after the holidays. Both Houses will adjourn on the 21st, and assemble again on the 8th of January, 1872. The leading committees will continue their sessions during the holidays.

CLAIMS AGAINST THE GOVERNMENT.

About 110 claims, pending before the House Committee on Claims, will be re-introduced this session. The forthcoming report of the Southern Claims Commission will show action of a favorable character upon 588 claims. This will give work to the House Committee to start with, making 690 claims to pass early in the session.

CALLING IN THE BONDS.

Secretary Boutwell, under date of December 7, announces that the principal and accrued interest of the bonds hereinbelow designated, known as five-twenty bonds, will be paid at the Treasury of the United States, in the city of Washington, on and after the 7th day of March, 1872, and that the interest on said bonds will cease on that day. That is to say: Coupon Bonds known as the SECOND SERIES, act of February 25, 1862, dated May 1, 1862, as follows:

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| $50 | from No. 1 | to No. 54 | 0, both inclusive. | |
| $100 | " 1 | " 13093, | " | |
| $ 00 | " 1 | " 7964, | " | |
| $1,000 | " 1 | " 11120, | " | |

And registered bonds of the same act as follows:

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| $50 | from No. 596 | to No. 697 | both inclusive | |
| $100 | " 4104 | " 5079 | " | |
| $500 | " 1900 | " 2483 | " | |
| $1,000 | " 8997 | " 11068 | " | |
| $5,000 | " 2666 | " 3402 | " | |
| $10,000 | " 2907 | " 3899 | " | |

Thus the work of reducing the debt and the interest on the same, goes on while the "funding bonds" are eagerly sought for at 5 per cent., here and in Europe.

CIVIL SERVICE REFORM.

It appears to be the determination on the part of Congress to thoroughly reconstruct the Civil Service system during the present winter. The Commissioners appointed by the President under authority of Congress, have been in session in Washington for several months. They have investigated the working of the Civil Service system, and have noted its defects. They have availed themselves of a knowledge of the systems of England and other European countries, and are prepared to aid Congress in preparing a new and more perfect system for this government and people.

GEO. WILKES IN POLITICS.

Congressmen, legal officials, and nearly every intelligent member of the Washington community, are amused at the antics of the would-be statesman, George Wilkes, editor of the *Spirit of the Times*, a sporting paper of New York. Mr. Wilkes has been to Paris, and he returns to write up the virtues of the Internationals, whose influence in this country, under that or some other title, is destined, he says, to be a source of many blessings to the masses. Distant be the day when the infidel doctrines of the Communists or Internationals are permitted to control the destinies of this Republic.

George Wilkes' last hobby is to get President Grant out of the White House. He has been among the Democratic Congressmen in Washington, to whom he has submitted his plans for organizing a party of opposition. So far his labors have proved a failure. His scheme is rejected, and he is laughed at for his assurance.

THE NEXT PRESIDENT.

A Senator, recently returned from Europe, said to a friend in the Capitol a few days ago, that after a very thorough and impartial survey of the political situation he felt assured that "the Republican party is strong enough to elect almost any capable man who may be nominated for President; but with Grant as a candidate there remains nothing but defeat for any opponent." He continued, "Go about and talk with the people in England, France and Germany, about our late war, and you will find that they connect the whole struggle with but two names, Abraham Lincoln and Gen. Grant, the one the successful President, and the other the great military leader. The same is true, in a measure, with regard to our people at home. * * *. The world, and especially the negroes, who cast so large a vote in the South, see no hand in it but that of Gen. Grant. And so, go where you may, the people are for Grant." These remarks are pretty near the truth.

THE NEW YORK HERALD'S LAST CANARD.

The story of the plot for the Impeachment of the President in reference to the San Domingo affair, published in the New York *Herald*, a few days ago, is without a word of truth, or even a basis for the rumor. The plot was made up in the *Herald* rooms on 14th street in Washington, and taken mainly from Mr. Sumner's speech against the annexation of San Domingo, made in the U. S. Senate last winter. The impeachment was to be accomplished through a combination of Democrats with Republicans opposed to President Grant. But Democrats and disaffected Republicans say that the first they heard of the plot was through the pages of the *Herald*. The story is too silly, even for notice.

THE TARIFF.

Secretary Boutwell was before the Committee of Ways and Means on Tuesday the 12th, and had a conference with the committee on the tariff in its general aspects. Neither Mr. Boutwell nor the committee advise many changes during the present session, and the changes that will be made are foreshadowed in Mr. Boutwell's annual report. The Finance Committee of the Senate, who have had the tariff under consideration, have arrived at about the same conclusion. A number of raw materials used in manufacturing, and also certain drugs, will be transferred to the free list; the tax on coal will be reduced to 50 cents per ton, and on hides, salt, and a few other items, to about one-half of the present duty.

REDUCING TAXATION.

Mr. Sumner's Bill to reduce internal taxes, introduced by him in the Senate, Monday, December 11th, provides that all internal taxes and duties except from the sale and use of stamps, shall be abolished after the first of July next, and the stamp duty on spirits shall be increased 80 cents per gallon after that date, *Provided* that no income tax shall be assessed on or after January 1st, 1872; but assessments made before such date shall be collected. It abolishes the offices of commissioner, deputy commissioner, solicitor, collector, deputy collector, assessor, and assistant assessor, supervisor, and detective, and head of division, and clerks, and employees, under the commissioner, shall cease on and after the 1st day of September next; and instead thereof there shall be one collector for each state and territory, who shall administer the law in the sale of stamps. After the first of September, the duties of collecting the revenue as above provided shall be under the Secretary of the Treasury.

Some objection was made by Mr. Sherman, on the ground that the House claimed that all bills affecting the revenues should originate there.

Mr. Sumner said he did not propose to raise the tax on whiskey. He was informed that the actual tax was about 80 cents a gallon.—There was the barrel tax, the tax on the wholesale and on the retail dealer, and lastly the capacity tax. He proposes merely to do away with all these and make the tax specifically 80 cents a gallon. He thought this objection was premature, and that it would better come in a report from the committee. He stood here as the representative of his constituents.

The bill was referred to the Finance Committee. The bill is a good one and is popular here, and it will, is thought, become a law.

THE NEW FRENCH MINISTER TO WASHINGTON.

Jules Fevry has been officially announced as the French Minister to this country. He will be an acceptable Minister. He has always evinced friendliness towards the United States and ranks among the advanced liberals of France. He is thirty nine years of age.

CONFIRMED.

Among a large number of confirmations by the Senate, during the past week, are those of Col. Douglass, to be Commissioner of Internal Revenue, and Gen. Arthur, to be Collector at New York.

RETURN OF GEN. SCHENCK.

Gen. Schenck, Minister to England, has asked the President to name his successor, and call him home. Mr. Fish will, in all probability, be the next Minister to England.

It should be distinctly understood that the silly charge of mining speculations on the part of Minister Schenck, has no connection whatever with his recall. For, S. was a director in the Utah silver mines before he was Minister. In an English point of view it is beneath the dignity of a Minister to connect himself with any pecuniary enterprise. In the United States transactions of that kind are considered to be perfectly legitimate.

OUR REVENUE SYSTEM IN JAPAN.

Gen. Geo. B. Williams, late Deputy Commissioner of Internal Revenue, has gone to his home in Indiana, to prepare for his trip to Japan. He will leave for San Francisco on the 1st proximo.

Gen. W. is called by the Government of Japan to aid in inaugurating a revenue system for that country.

RETURN OF THE BRITISH MINISTER.

The Right Honorable Sir Edward Thornton, Lady Thornton, family and suite arrived at New York Sunday, Dec. 17, per Conrad steamer Calabria and reached Washington on Monday morning.

COST OF THE U. S. CENSUS.

Gen. F. A. Walker asks for $480,000 for the current fiscal year, $300,000 of which is wanted to pay marshals and assistants.

The total expenses of the census to date are $2,807,600. The eighth census cost $1,682,000, but in proportion to the increase and work done the cost of the present census is much less.

N. H. P.

## Picking Dead Men's Bones.

"*Invisible*," the Harrisburg correspondent of the Blair county *Radical*, after paying an elegant and merited tribute to the memory of Col. David Scanton, late Auditor General elect, concludes the paragraph with the following caustic allusion to Democratic history:

"The vacancy which his death will occasion after the expiration of the term of General Hartranft will be filled by appointment by the Governor, for the full term for which Dr. Stanton was elected. This will be of immense political benefit to Governor Geary, but will be of none to the Democracy. And it is a wonder it will not. That party has been kept alive on graveyard victuals—has subsisted on the funeral feast and cast-off garments of official dead, and to-day the possibility of a distribution of political shroud cloth, enters into every campaign. And they do not always await the slow and uncertain process of natural dissolution. It came to them in 1841. They assisted it by a slow poison, in 1849; but nothing short of the bullet was swift enough in 1865. In each of these years the party fattened. In our own State, too, death has been the last hope of the party. It proved a help in time of Senatorial need last winter, and may do so again this. Repudiated among living men, the Democratic party, like the pirates of the sea, or the vultures of the mountain, exists only on the public plunder and official offal that disease, assassination and chance throw in its way."

## Miscellaneous News Items.

Oil City has a skating rink.

The Cumberland county jail is tenantless.

Charity "Hops" are the sensation in Erie.

The Pithole Railway is to be extended to Oilsup.

The mouth of the Allegheny could swallow its head.

Timesta wants a machine shop and says it would pay.

Indianapolis alarms of fire are "clanked forth."

They have been sleighing in Memphis, Tennessee.

One half a crop of oranges from Florida this season.

Chester county has forty convicted prisoners in her jail.

A Cincinnati boy sues his father for $50,000 for ill treatment.

The Methodists of Bucks county are having immense revivals.

The young men of Bethlehem wear feathers in their hats.

The Manassas battle field has been sold for eight dollars an acre.

Chicago is already boasting of the superior accommodations of her hotels.

The Macon *Telegraph* publishes an obituary notice under the head of "squibs."

Marmi'n, Tietjens, Trebelli, Bettini and Felix now enchant the ears of London.

A Scotch minister refused baptism to the child of a man who sells milk on Sunday.

Geo. Beckley of Ohio shot his head off because the course of love didn't run smooth.

Thanksgiving this year was nowhere celebrated with more sincerity and jollity than at Chicago.

A hungry gentleman ordered "everything on the bill of fare" at a Syracuse hotel, and was shortly astonished to behold approaching him fourteen waiters in single file bearing 1,024 dishes.

Girls are advised not to smile much in the face of a man they desire to secure. A little pretense of quiet sadness will do the business more expeditious.

At Junction, fourteen miles north of Eugene, Oregon, forty buildings have been erected within the past few weeks. The town has sixty or seventy houses. Two months ago it had not one.

Of the seventy-four Senators fifty are lawyers. Garrett Davis is the most garrulous member of Congress. Senator Sumner has seen the longest service—twenty consecutive years. Hon. Simon Cameron is the oldest Senator, and Mr. Spencer, of Alabama, the youngest.

A Wisconsin man was taken dangerously sick. He sent for his wife to come at once and care for him. Now his wife's mother was sick, too, and she sent this dispatch to her languishing husband: "Dear Tim, mother is sick; I can't leave her. Do the best you can. If you die, send your body home."

Did you hear of that chap who attended the sale of a hotel recently at a town in Ohio? He hadn't a cent in his pocket but he stood and bid boldly, "Twenty-eight thousand dollars." It was knocked down to him; and, when the question was asked: "Who is the purchaser?" this audacious scamp replied: "The Pennsylvania Railroad." Of course he was not in person required to put up the money from an imperial buyer like that, whereby he was able in the course of a couple of days, to sell the whole to another party for $35,000, and clear the difference. The country is now full of scamps buying hotels for the Pennsylvania Railroad.

## Marriages.

WERTZ—MARTHERSBAUGH.—On the 13th inst., by Rev. M. K. Foster, Mr. George W. Wertz to Miss Minnie Marthersbaugh, all of Lewistown.

MCCOMBS—MEGAHAN.—On the 16th inst., by the same, Mr. Morris E. McCombs, of Alexandria, to Miss Clara J. Megahan, of McConnellstown.

TAVERN LICENSES.—The following named persons have filed in the office of the Clerk of Quarter Sessions, of Huntingdon county, their petitions for Licenses to keep Inns and Taverns, in said county, and which will be presented to the Judges of said county, on the second Monday of January 1872, for allowance:

| | |
|---|---|
| Augustus Raymond, Eating House, | Huntingdon |
| Frederick Moebus, tavern, | " |
| Adam Smeltzmand, " | " |
| Valentine Brown, " | " |

M. M. MCNEIL,
Prothy's Office, Dec. 20. Prothy.


## New Advertisement.

TOWN CLOCK!!! FAIR AND FESTIVAL.—THERE WILL BE A

GRAND FAIR AND FESTIVAL

held in the Court House, at Huntingdon Pa., commencing on

THURSDAY, DEC., 21st, AND TO CLOSE ON THE 26th INST.

Amongst the features of the Fair will be

*A POST OFFICE, A FISHING POND,*

A Gold Headed Cane will be presented to the Cashier of the Bank having the highest number of votes, a case of Amputating Instruments to the Surgeon, a Lamp to the Railroad Employee, and a Silver Ice Pitcher to the Minister similarly favored.

*REFRESHMENTS,*

Such as Ice Cream, Soda Water, Oysters, and other luxuries, in and out of season, will be served. The Hall will be beautifully decorated, and every accommodation will be afforded all who attend.

THE HUNTINGDON SILVER CORNET BAND

have kindly consented to play every evening during the fair.

The proceeds of the Fair and Festival are to be appropriated to the purchase of an

ILLUMINATED TOWN CLOCK.

Admission, 10 cents.

By order of the
COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS.

Dec. 20, 1871-1t.

LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING in the Post Office, at Huntingdon, Pa., December 15, 1871, when called for say "advertised" and give date.

| | |
|---|---|
| Brumbach, ——— | Mulholland, J. D. |
| Books, Christie (2) | Moore, A. B. |
| Couch, G. M. | Newingham, Mrs. C. S. |
| Coulter, John | Peters, Price |
| Clabaugh, Allen | Piehmont, Annie |
| Davis, Cora L. | Smith, Mrs. Mollie |
| Forwell, A. | Sackey, David |
| Grant, B. C. | Snyder, Mollie B. |
| Glasgow, Clara | Thompson, Emma B. |
| Johnston, H. W. F. | Wilson, Eli |
| Johnston, J. D. | White, Jno. H. |
| Merritt, Lydia A. | Wirts, A. C. |
| Murrell, Thos. | Williams, Mary C. |

BRICE X BLAIR,
Postmaster.

AGRICULTURAL MEETING.—A regular meeting of the Huntingdon County Agricultural Society, for the election of officers, and other business of importance to the Society, will be held, in the Court House, on Tuesday evening of the first week of the coming court, (9 h prox.)

By order, and in behalf of the Society.

R. M'DIVITT,
Secretary.

Dec. 20, 1871.

ADMINISTRATRIX'S NOTICE.

[*Estate of M. Robeson Miller, deceased.*]

Letters of Administration having been granted to the undersigned, on the estate of M. Robeson Miller, late of Warriorsmark town-hip, deceased, all persons knowing themselves indebted are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

JANE MILLER,
Administratrix.

Dec. 20, 1871.*

NORTH CENTRAL RAILWAY.—On and after Nov. 6, trains will leave Harrisburg, as follows:

NORTHWARD.

| STATIONS. | MAIL. | FAST LINE. | MILTON EX. | BUFFALO EX. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | P. M. | P. M. | A. M. | P. M. |
| Harrisburg, ..... leave | 1 35 | 4 40 | 10 45 | 10 40 |
| Harrisburg, ..... Arrive | | | P. M. | A. M. |
| Williamsport, ..... Arrive | 6 30 | 8 30 | 2 05 | 2 05 |
| Lima, ..... | 10 55 | | 5 30 | 5 25 |
| Canandaigua, ..... | | | 8 25 | 8 10 |
| Rochester, ..... | | | 9 55 | 9 40 |
| Buffalo, ..... | | | 1 50 | 12 10 |
| Suspension Bridge, ..... | | | 1 20 | 12 30 |
| Niagara Falls, ..... | | | 1 10 | 12 30 |
| | | | A. M. | P. M. |

SOUTHWARD.

| STATIONS. | PHILADELPHIA EX. | BALTIMORE EX. | PACIFIC EXPRESS. | MAIL. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Harrisburg, ..... leave | A. M. 4 05 | A. M. 7 30 | A. M. 11 45 | P. M. 7 35 |
| Baltimore, ..... arrive | 7 20 | 12 00 | P. M. 3 00 | P. M. 10 15 |
| Washington, ..... arrive | 10 00 | | 5 45 | A. M. 5 50 |
| | | | | 10 00 |

ED. S. YOUNG,
Dec. 20, 1871. General Passenger Agent.

VALUABLE FARM LAND AT PUBLIC SALE.

The undersigned, Executors of the Will of John M'Cahan, Esq., late of the borough of Huntingdon, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, at the Court House, in Huntingdon, on

*Tuesday, the 9th day of January, 1872,*

at ten o'clock, a. m.,

A TRACT OF LIMESTONE LAND, situate in Porter township, Huntingdon county, containing 240 acres, more or less. About 70 acres of the land are cleared, under fence, and in a pretty good state of cultivation, (now farmed by Mr. Samuel Moore,) and the remainder is well timbered, adjoining lands of George Lamp, deceased, A. P. Wilson, deceased, W. P. Orbison, Esq., Taomas Whittaker's heirs, and others. The public and leading road from Huntingdon to Hartslog Valley passes through this tract of land.

ALSO, Three adjoining Tracts of Land, situate in Porter township, containing, respectively, 16½, 162 acres, warran ed in the name of Wm. Smith, D. D., and 109 acres, warranted in the name of John Patton, adjoining lands of *R. R.* Bryan, Joseph O'Kain, Hahn Brothers, A. P. Wilson, Esq., deceased, Thomas Fisher, and others. On the premises are a *LOG DWELLING HOUSE, FRAME BARN*, and a good spring, in tenure of Samuel Moore. A part of this land is cleared and under fence, and the balance well timbered. The public roads leading from Huntingdon to Hartslog Valley and to Alexandria pass through these tracts.

These tracts will be sold as one body, or separately, as purchasers may desire.

Persons desiring information respecting the above described lands, will please call upon either of the undersigned, or upon J. Simpson Africa, Esq., in Huntingdon.

The conditions will be made known on the day of sale.

JOHN K. M'CAHAN,
JOHN CRESSWELL,
[Executors of John M'Cahan, deceased.]

Nov. 29, 1871,—ts.

A FARM FOR SALE—A tract of farm and timber land, in Oneida and Huntingdon townships, 2½ miles from the borough of Huntingdon, is offered for sale, on reasonable terms, containing about ONE HUNDRED ACRES, between 50 and 60 acres of which are cleared and under cultivation. The upland is of a fair grain raising quality with some fifteen acres of fine meadow bottom, and the balance is principally covered with a good quality of timber, mostly white pine and hemlock, with a good saw mill seat, and never failing water power thereon.

The improvements are a neat two-story frame house and frame stable, with other outbuildings and conveniences, and a young thriving orchard of choice fruit trees.

For further particulars, and terms of sale, inquire of the undersigned, at Huntingdon, or on the premises.

R. M'DIVITT.

nov29-tf.

1871. 1871.

CARPETS!! CARPETS!! CARPETS!!
FALL STOCK.
*AT LOWEST PRICES!*
JAMES A. BROWN

*Is constantly receiving at his new*

CARPET STORE,

IN

HUNTINGDON, PA.,
525½ Hill Street.

Beautiful Patterns of Carpets, fresh from the looms of the manufacturers. His stock comprises

| | |
|---|---|
| BRUSSELS, | INGRAINS, |
| VENITIAN, | WOOL DUTCH, |
| COTTAGE, | HEMP, |

LIST and RAG CARPETS
CARPET CHAIN,
COCOA AND CANTON MATTINGS,
FLOOR, STAIR AND TABLE

OIL CLOTHS,

and a large stock of

WALL PAPER,

Window Shades and Fixtures, Drugget, Velvet Rugs, Door Mats, Extra Carpet Thread and Binding. I make a speciality of furnishing Churches and Lodges at City Prices, and invite Furnishing Committees to call and see goods made expressly for their purposes.

Buyers will *save money* and be better suited by going to the *regular* Carpet and Oil Cloth Store for any of the above goods. I defy competition in prices and variety of beautiful patterns.

I have also the Agency for the Original HOWE SEWING MACHINE, IMPROVED, so well known as the best Family Machine in the world.

Call at the CARPET STORE and see them.

JAMES A. BROWN.

nov. 1, 1871.

## New Advertisements.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR

*10 Years of a Public Test*

Has proved

*DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR*

To have more merit than any similar preparation ever offered the public.

It is rich in the medicinal qualities of Tar, and unequaled for diseases of the Throat and Lungs, performing the most remarkable cures.

Coughs, Colds, Chronic Coughs,
It effectually cures them all

Asthma and Bronchitis,
It has cured so many cases it has been pronounced a specific for these complaints.

For Pains in Breast,
Side or Back,
Gravel or Kidney Disease,
Disease of the Urinary Organs,
Jaundice or any Liver Complaint,
It has no equal.

It is also a superior Tonic,
Restores the Appetite,
Strengthens the System,
Restores the weak and Debilitated,
Causes the food to Digest,
Removes Dyspepsia and Indigestion
Prevents Malarious Fevers,
Gives tone to your system.

TRY DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR
Has proved itself in thousand of cases capable of curing all diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR
Cures all Chronic Coughs, and Colds, more effectually than any other remedy.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR
Has cured cases of Consumption pronounced incurable by physicians.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR
Has cured so many cases of Asthma and Bronchitis that it has been pronounced a specific for these complaints.

PURIFY YOUR BLOOD

DR. CROOK'S COMPOUND

*SYRUP OF POKE ROOT*

Wherever Poke Root grows, it has a local reputation as a Blood Purifier, and for the cure of Rheumatism. With all this local reputation, and the praise of distinguished Physicians, (Drs. Coe, Lee, King, Wilson, M. Hunt, Griffits, Copland and others,) who have tested its medical powers; it has been neglected by the profession at large, as much through a want of a proper appreciation of its merits, as a knowledge of the proper way to prepare it for medicinal use. Dr. Oliver Crook, (a physician who devotes his entire time to the duties of his profession), has fully tested the active medicinal qualities of Poke Root during the last 25 years, and unhesitatingly pronounces it to have MORE MERIT—for diseases depending on a depraved condition of the blood,—than any and all other articles named in the Materia Medica. Under his instructions our Chemists have combined the active medicinal qualities of Poke Root with the best Tonic Preparation of Iron, and we offer this preparation to the public under the above name.

October 4, 1871-1y.

SIX REASONS WHY
You should insure in
*THE PENN MUTUAL LIFE INS. CO.,*
921 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

INCORPORATED in 1847.
Dividends paid, $1,150,000.
Losses paid, $2,000,000.
Fund Accumulated, $4,000,000
Cash Dividends declared
Annually.

1st. Because it is one of the oldest companies in the country, and past the day of experiments.

2d. Because it is the Only Purely Mutual Company in the State. Every policy holder is a member of the Company, entitled to all its advantages and privileges, having the right to vote at all elections for trustees, and thus has an influence in its management.

3d. Because it has the largest accumulated fund of any Life Insurance Company in the State.

4th. Because by economical management its ratio of expenses to total income is less than that of any Company in the State. (See official Insurance reports).

5th. Because it has declared *More Dividends in Number*, and of a larger average *Per centage* than any Company in the United States.

For example: Policy No. 15, for $5000, has been paid to the *Widow of a Philadelphia Merchant*, upon which 23 *Dividends* has been declared averaging 57 *Per Cent. Had these Dividends Been Used to Purchase Additions To This Policy, $6046.00 More Would Have Been Realized, Making The Policy Worth $11,046.00.*

6th. Because it is liberal in its management prompt in its settlement, safe beyond contingency, and its rates are as low as any good company in the country.

*Principal Features.*—Small expenses, absolute security, large return premiums, prompt payment of losses, and liberality to the insured.

Samuel C. Huey, President,
Samuel E. Stevens, Vice President,
John W. Horner, Asst. Vice Pres. and Actuary,
H. S. Stephens, Secretary.

R. ALLISON MILLER, Agent,
Huntingdon, Pa.

nov29-

GRAND EXHIBITION!

*SOMETHING NEW IN HUNTINGDON.*

A FIRST CLASS LADIES' SHOE STORE!

D. HERTZLER & BRO., No. 403 Allegheny St., opposite Broad Top Depot, have just arrived from the East with a large and well selected stock of Ladies', Misses', and Children's Dress Boots, Gaiters, &c., comprising all the latest styles of the day and acknowledged to be the best selected stock of hand-made work ever brought to Huntingdon.

Since we make ladies' wear a specialty, we can not fail to please the most fastidious. For Style, Quality and Price we defy competition.

We also manufacture to order all kinds of Ladies' and Gents' Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, &c., of the best material the market produces, and at the shortest possible notice. Persons from the country can be accommodated with our own manufacturing by giving a few hours notice.

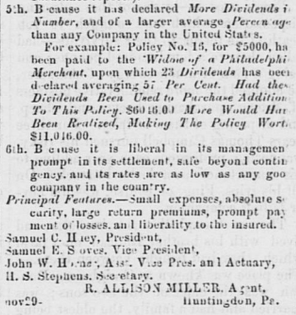
All kinds of repairing neatly done.

In a more mature age we hope to retain the friends who favored us in our infancy.

For past favors accept our sincere thanks.

D. HERTZLER & BRO.,
403 Allegheny St.,
Opposite B. T. Depot
Huntingdon, Pa

oct11-




MARCH & BRO, this season, have made a specialty of Furs, and their stock is consequently the largest and best ever offered in any in and town in the State. These Furs range in prices from $3 up to $25. Ladies call and examine our handsome styles.

nov1-2m

GO TO THE JOURNAL OFFICE
For all kinds of printing.

## New Advertisements.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR

*10 Years of a Public Test*

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It has cured so many cases it has been pronounced a specific for these complaints.

For Pains in Breast,
Side or Back,
Gravel or Kidney Disease,
Disease of the Urinary Organs,
Jaundice or any Liver Complaint,
It has no equal.

It is also a superior Tonic,
Restores the Appetite

Huntingdon Journal.

...day Morning, Dec. 20, 1871.

...NG MATTER ON EVERY PAGE.

## ...CAL AND PERSONAL.

### MEETINGS.

...AH LODGE, No. 300, A. Y. M., meets second Mon... of each month, in Brown's building.
...STONE H. R. A. CHAPTER No. 201, meets the ...y evening of each month, in Brow...'s building.
...ODGE, No. 117, I. O. O. F., meets every Friday ...ening, third floor, Lesser's building.
...he CAMP OF I. O. O. F., meets every second and ...days, third floor, Lesser's building.
...OF TRIEF, No. 63, I. O. of R. M., meets every ...evening, third floor, Lesser's building.
...ANS CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION meets the first and ...y evenings of each month, in Smith's building.
...O. A. R., meets third Monday of each month in ...e.
...ICIL meets the first Friday evening of each ...

...ION LODGE, No. 119, K. of P., meets every Sat... evening, in Smith's building.
...YON TEMPLE OF HONOR, No. 71, mee's the fourth ...each month in Good Templar's Hall.
...STERIAN CLUB meets every Thursday evening, ...C. A. room.
...ION COUNCIL, O. U. A. M., meets first and third ...each month in Good Templar's Hall.

### CHURCHES.

...nurch—Washington street. Rev. J. W. PLAN... ...ces on Sabbath: 10½ a. m., 7 p. m. ...Wasington street. Rev. P. B. O'HALLORAN. ...t three Sundays in every month. ...al Lutheran—Mifflin street. Rev. J. J. KERR. ...Sabbath: 10½ a. m., 7 p. m ...of ormel—Church street. Rev. S. D. STECKLE. ...Sabbath: 7 p. m., ...Episcopal—Church street. Rev. M. K. FOSTER. ...Sabbath: 1½ a. m., 7 p. m. ...t Episcopal—still street. No Pastor. ...an—Hill street. Rev. G. W. ZARNIZER. Ser... ...bath: 11 a. m., 7 p. m.

## ...Y-SECOND CONGRESS, SEC... ...SESSION.—A gentleman residing in ..., D. C., who has had a large newspaper ex... ...d is in a position to secure early intelligence ...d contemplated movements in Congress and ...ents, will supply a daily or weekly letter to ...ddi tional newspapers during the winter, on ...rms. ...he Editor of the Huntingdon JOURNAL, or ad... ...N," 734 Twelfth St., Washington, D. C.

## ...ation--Home-Made and Stolen

...ry Christmas" ..."Happy New Year" ...y patron of the JOURNAL. ...played—Our stock of rollers. ...wing—Philadelphia drummers. ...w Presbyterian church is under roof. ...ason for killing deer closes on Sun... ...rlet fever appears to be abating in ... ...of the Altoona *Sun*, is confined to his ...ckness. ...rouse's candy shop was burglarized ...y night. ...veniles are in high glee at the near ...of the Holidays. ...the time to "remember the poor"— ...y paying up old scores. ...nior imp of darkness was suffering ...in in his epigastrium last week. ...le of one-armed organists made mu... ...e million, in this place, one day last ... ...Altoona's professional boot-black's ...ekly visits to this place to ply his ... ...eam of the dying porker has ceased ...upon the morning air. The season ...over. ...Saxton, of this place, has shot fif... ...turkeys since the season commenced. ...beat it? ...derstand a free fight came off in Cas..., on Sunday afternoon, amongst the ... confined in that institution. ...ates, the individual arrested for the ...f Ellenboro Smith, in Cambria coun... ...een held to answer in the sum of ... ...made 2:40 time, up Fifth street, on ...afternoon, with a tin pan tied to his ...h to the amusement of a large crowd ...s-on. ...hn Barrick, while out hunting, on ...Ridge, one day last week, came across ...eer, in one of the secluded spots of ...region. ...the proper season of the year to ad... ...nd the JOURNAL is the paper to use, ...read, weekly, by not less than ten ...persons. ...al attack was made upon our police... ...Saturday night, by a crowd of drunk... ...es. Some of them were provided with ...in Castle Houck, ...d. Summers has been engaged, for ...days past, in housing some fine and ...so that his patrons can expect a full ...uring the heated term of next season. ...at—Blackguardism on Saturday night. ...o'clock it seemed as if all the fiends ...monium had congregated in the West ...ging from the drunken howls coming ...t quarter. ...news of interest to the general reader ... from all parts of the county. Our ...ers and others will bear this in mind. ...ar assistance, friends, we will give you ...teresting paper. ...mocratic exchanges have a great deal ...bout what they call "anti-Administra... ...ublicans." They might make money ...ring and exhibiting one in this neigh..., as no such animal is known to exist ... ...ve just printed a lot of very handsome ..., and are anxious to present one of ...every delinquent on our subscription ...me, gentlemen, send along the stamps ...your receipts, done in the highest style ...rt. ...cent action for slander brought by ...arah Reedy, of Tulpehocken, Berks ... against Mrs. Sarah Troutman, the ...recovered two thousand four hundred ... A warning to over-talking women to ...idle upon their tongues. ...ville, Mercer county, has built a new ... and lined the cells with boiler iron. ...nd from the country suggests that he ...ike to purchase it for a corn-crib, as ...they are done with it. ...ey Coutz, a little son of Mr. Samuel ...residing on Moore street, had an arm ... on Tuesday last, by being thrown ...y some of his school companions while ...ecess. Accidents of this kind are quite ...t, and boys should be more careful. ...rtising is a blister which draws cus... ... It is just like the celebrated mag... ...one—it draws everybody and his wife ...p to the point. You may as well try to ...dead man swim up stream as to try to ...ople from buying from a liberal adver... ...end of ours, in this place, who is some... ...f a hunter, and a very good shot, in ...us that he has averaged a deer for ...ime he has been hunting this season, ...afraid to go again for fear of spoiling ...erage. When interrogated as to the ...r slaughtered, he laughingly replied ..."had been out only once." ...coming in—New subscribers to the ...t. Since our last issue we have added ...nes of twenty, and the cry is "still they ... Terms $2 per year in advance. We ...like to commence the New Year with a ...iption list of 2,500, and the thing *can* ...e if the proper effort is made by the ...of the JOURNAL. Try it, friends. ...ona's police arrest young men (?) for ...gating about church doors, and her ...fines them from $10 to $15 each. This ...t, and our police should make a raid ...he "devil's pickets" who crowd about ...f the churches of this place every Sun... ...ight, compelling the congregation to ...their way through the line of black... ...s that blockade the sidewalks.

A RAMBLE UP STONE CREEK TO MCALEVY'S FORT AND GREENWOOD FURNACES AND DOWN SHAVER'S CREEK.—December is not as pleasant a month as July to ramble in, but while the latter excels in outside grandeur and pleasantness, the former surpasses in fireside comforts and home attractions. The poor wretches who make two ends meet by flourishing the pen and pencil cannot always elect when they well enjoy a little recreation from toil and care. The truth is that when Summer, lovely queen, dressed in verdant robes, rules the season, the disciples of Faust and Guttenberg are chained to their tripods, with fetters of steel, as it were, to vindicate the great truths embodied in the annual campaign between the owls and the bats, and cannot desert their positions scarcely, for a day, lest they be captured by the enemy. But the usual campaign being over, the weather being fair and the roads in excellent condition, we determined to see some of our patrons and make their acquaintance and ascertain whether a railroad could really be built to McAlevy's Fort, or Boalsburg, without money. We were under the impression that many of our readers thought so, because they have shown no disposition to take hold, but we assure them that it is all a mistake, it cannot be done. It will take a few rusty dollars.

Well, to carry our resolution into effect, we borrowed a horse, saddle and bread gear, and after two whole days spent in constant preparation, we mounted our bold Campeador, with a huge satchel beneath our left arm and a pliable stick in our right hand and clattered out of town, "jog along jog, jog," up Stone Creek Avenue, for eleven miles, past "Screech Owl Bend," the residence of the sage of Oneida, to Conprobst Mills. Here we reined up and proceeded to the residence of that prince of good-fellows, Henry Conprobst, and were made happy in his sight. After dinner we examined his splendid new barn, erected by Mr. Chaney, and found it to be a capital design, far superior to any thing which we have ever seen of the barn kind. The arrangements are complete. It would be well for persons wishing to build good and improved barns to fashion them after this one. We made the acquaintance of Charles Slack, the wagon-maker, Martin Getz, blacksmith, Samuel Barnett, Edward Couch, James A. Curwin, Alex. Myton, farmers, and A. L. Couch, school teacher, and were glad to meet them. We put up for the night with our friend and became the subject of quite a number of his sly jokes, but we won't say any thing about them, not even about the wasp. It was suggested that we could take our own time to getting up in the morning, but we suspected that our host desired to save a breakfast, and consequently we were up directly after the cook. Barton Greene, Esq., has a very fine store, at this place, and sells a large quantity of goods. When we were ready to depart for regions higher up, our host proposed to accompany us to Cumminsville, and did so. The land begins to improve from Conprobst's north, and limestone, here and there, begins to crop out.

We pulled up at Curtis Kidder's and determined to hear whether that agitator had any thing new on the subject of the railroad, but while he was brimful it was only the accumulations of the old. He talked railroad, he sighed railroad, and he caught the least favorable report with avidity, and added new thoughts. Oh Kidder! Kidder! when your darling is a success, and thousands are enjoying the fruits of your agitation, there will be at least one, if no more, to recollect your earnestness. This is about the average number who never forget good offices of this kind. We left him with reluctance and passed through a most secluded defile to the base of an old furnace stack where, many years ago, some very unwise persons endeavored to make a fortune, on a small scale, out of the iron business. Just beyond we passed Mr. Joseph Huston's and reined in at Cumminsville. Here we met John M'Alevy, David Cunningham and James Dickey. They were in a better humor than you generally find men in the midst of a threshing machine break. They were manifesting the patience of stolid philosophers. Here our friend Conprobst bid us adieu and retraced his steps, and we headed to Ennisville, where we put up with our friend, W. S. Smith, Esq., of the firm of Smith & Son, store-keepers. At Mr. Smith's we had the pleasure of partaking of a splendid dinner with S. W. Myton, Esq., of Davenport, Iowa, and his accomplished bride, now on a bridal tour. Our friend Smith lives perfectly at home, and has all the comforts that any man can want. Ennisville is handsomely located at the junction of the roads leading from Petersburg and Huntingdon to M'Alevy's Fort. The surrounding country is heavy lime stone clay. The only person that we saw at this place that we were very anxious to do something for, was T. F. Shipton, but Thomas was invulnerable!

At two o'clock, p. m., we took up the line of march for the Fort, and fifteen minutes later we were inside its hospitable walls. Jackson Harmon, Esq, brought us down and we surrendered gracefully. Jack is a whole-souled fellow and the fat of the land was at our disposal. We made the acquaintance of a number of citizens in and about the place, among those were R. V. Stewart, Geo. McAlevy, McBirney, Harper, Little, James Barr, the Bricketts, &c., &c. We spent the evening with the brethren of United Brother's Lodge of I. O. O. F. very pleasantly. They have a very neat and well-adapted lodge room and are growing rapidly in numbers. The village of M'Alevy's Fort does not contain over two hundred inhabitants yet there is a vast amount of trade conducted here. It is the depot for supplying the greater portion of Jackson township.

On Sabbath morning we rode over to Greenwood Furnaces, a distance of five miles, to hear the Rev. Gwynn, who preached a most excellent discourse. This appointment belongs to the Manor Hill charge. We took dinner with Mr. Gwynn, at Mr. DeArmit's, and spent the remainder of the time, until Monday morning, with Mr. Withers, the accomplished and gentlemanly manager of the Furnaces. Mr. Withers has occupied the position which he now occupies for fourteen years and upwards, and his merits as a manager, in all these long years, have been severely tested, and he has come out with flying colors. Mr. Withers has a very commodious residence and a very affectionate and interesting family around him. The ladies of the household have our thanks for their handsome entertainment of vocal and instrumental music. Mr. Shultz clerks the store and Mr Haskett the office, and both are clever fellows.

Greenwood Furnaces are located in a pocket of Jackson township formed by Broad and Stone mountains. We are not so sure about the name of the latter. The first furnace was located, in this out-of-the-way place, some thirty-seven years ago, and the second one during the war. They both consume charcoal. The company has some forty odd thousand acres of timber land, from which they can supply them, with this indispensable article, for thirty-seven years to come. There are over two hundred hands employed but they are not now running to their fullest capacity. The new furnace is out of blast and the old one is only yielding about thirty two tons of pig metal per week. The ore is brought, a distance of two miles, from the mines, by means of a tram-road, which lessens the expense of transportation very much. The metal is taken to Lewistown, a distance of fifteen miles, and shipped to purchasers, who manufacture carwheels out of it, for which, it is said, to be a very superior article.

On Monday we returned to M'Alevy's Fort, took dinner at the only hotel in the place, kept by Geo. E. Little, and immediately thereafter bid good-bye to the kind friends who had shown us so much hospitality and passed Ennisville, took the right hand road for Shaver's Creek, and jogged on down, through a very fine farming country, dotted all along the way with cozy farm houses, to Saulsburg. Here we called upon that genial gentleman, Andy Conover, who has just ensconced himself in one of the neatest residences we saw along the way, with everything as neat and bright about him as a new pin. He introduced us to Mr. Ash, who reminded us, slyly, that we must not be too hard on them, and that Kidder, good fellow, was the fullest man of railroad in the state. Ash only meant to compliment. We have some news for Kidder when we see him. It ain't about mineral paint either! We also met Jesse Musser, William Port and G. W. Lintthurst and their eyes were opened—in the future they will have light. From Saulsburg we sauntered leisurely down to Manor Hill and put up at the Morrison House. We have a partiality for Morrison Houses. We were very hospitably entertained by Mr. Morrison, the proprietor, and his good lady. We spent the evening, very pleasantly, with Dorsey Silknitter, Esq. Manor Hill looks as if it had been built in the days of the Penns and allowed to scale off ever since. From Manor Hill to Mooresville and Neff's Mills the land is of the best limestone and an air of thrift and happy circumstances present themselves on every hand. At Neff's Mills we met Sheriff Johnston and his son, who have a store at this place and are driving a thriving business, and Mr. Neff, the proprietor of the Mills. From here down to Cottage the same splendid country is on both sides of the splendid highway. At Cottage we made the acquaintance of Mr. Troutwine, the Post-master, and found him driving a brisk and lucrative store business and Mr. Long, the landlord, and Messrs. Quinn, the Shoemakers. A mile or two down the road we fell in with Squire Hamilton and accompanied him into Petersburg. We put up with our friend, of many years standing, James M. Snowden, one of the proprietors of the Petersburg Foundry. James was one of the most active Republicans, a few years ago, in Bedford county. He is scrupulously honest; a man of principle and of backbone. Petersburg is growing quite rapidly, and in a few years will be quite a place. On the three o'clock train we returned to Huntingdon to find very unwelcome news—the severe illness of our wife, but she is recovering rapidly We were most hospitably treated by all whom we met and they have our warmest thanks.

A word in conclusion in regard to the rail road. We learned, at Greenwood Furnaces, that the engineers were endeavoring to secure a route from Milroy to Boalsburg with a fair prospect of success. This contemplated route will bring them to the head waters of Stone Creek, within eight miles of M'Alevy's Fort, which would leave only a gap to be filled, between Huntingdon and Boalsburg, of twenty-five miles. The road, we think, can be graded, the entire distance for three thousand dollars per mile, on an average, exclusive of bridging. It could follow the bed of the Stone Creek every foot of the way. We also learned that the Lewistown, Centre and Spruce Creek railroad company intend to make the terminus of their road, at Bellefonte and not at Tyrone, or Spruce Creek as heretofore contemplated. The Snow Shoe road is putting eight miles, from Bellefonte, in the direction of Boalsburg, under contract, and the line from Lewisburg is being rapidly pushed forward. This is the state of the case north, what will Huntingdon do to make a connection with these roads?

AID-DE-CAMP WITH THE RANK OF COLONEL.—His Excellency, Gov. John W. Geary, Commander-in-Chief of the National Guard, of Pennsylvania, has commissioned, J. Hall Musser, Esq., of this place, aid-de-camp with the rank of Colonel, to date from the 29th day of November, 1871.

We congratulate our friend on this handsome acknowledgement of his long and arduous services during the late rebellion, and assure Governor Geary that his honors could not have fallen upon more worthy shoulders.

Colonel Musser, during the late civil war, entered the service as a private soldier, in 1861, at the youthful age of seventeen years, and served with great credit, without intermission, for a term of four years, until the close of the rebellion, in 1865. He was attached, during the entire period of service, to the gallant old 45th Regiment of Pennsylvania Veteran Volunteers. The regiment was originally commanded by Col. Welsh and Lieut. Col. James A. Beaver, and was attached, the greater portion of the service, to the famous 9th corps commanded by Maj. Gen. Burnside. The subject of this notice was with his Regiment in the campaign in South Carolina, in the early part of the war, then in Virginia, next in Kentucky, at the siege of Vicksburg, then back to East Tennessee and winding up with Grant at Appomattox. Although he participated in numerous battles and skirmishes he was fortunately never wounded, but made a hair-breadth escape at the siege of Knoxville, when his musket was shot out of his hands. A younger brother entered the service, in 1861, at the age of fifteen, as a private, in the 110th Regiment of Pennsylvania Volunteers, and served with distinction, until he was killed, at the battle of the Wilderness, in 1864.

We wish the Colonel long life and the many rewards which peace brings to the honest and faithful soldier.

THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH IMPOSITION.—We do hope that the day is not far distant when the government will establish a cheap telegraphic system, and until this is done the telegraph will be of comparatively little value to those who are in moderate circumstances. We do think that the Western Union Telegraph Company is one of the most unreasonable monopolies in existence. A few days ago it became necessary to send a number of messages between the this point and Bedford, a distance of fifty miles, but because the company has no direct line to that point, we were compelled to pay forty cents for each dispatch, of ten words, transmitted over its lines, thus making us pay twenty cents a dispatch for their own want of accommodations. We hope our business men will patronize the Atlantic and Pacific which is much more liberal in its rates and is an opposition line to the above named monopoly.

CHANGE OF NUMERALS.—In speaking of a cross street and a long street together, the numeral should be used first, thus: 5th and Hill streets, not Hill and 5th streets. Custom has established this as correct, besides it is more euphonious. By the way we think our authorities should anew the numbering system of the town, by authorizing the use of the word "North" for numbers of cross streets north of the river. The time will come when the south side of the river will be built up; the numbers then will be duplicate; and a reference, then, to title, and other papers made now, will refer to two separate properties. For example, a deed or mortgage on No. 530, 5th street, examined twenty years hence, would leave the examiner in doubt as to which side of the river the property might be. Now is the proper time to commence to use the word north, and, besides, it sounds much better.

IN LIMBO AGAIN.—John Houck, the young man who broke jail in August last, while awaiting sentence for assault and battery with intent to commit a rape on the person of Elizabeth Hounstein, was re-arrested, on Friday night, by Policeman Fisher, and returned to his old quarters, where, we hope, he may be kept until he takes his departure for Allegheny. Houck has escaped twice from prison, and it behooves Sheriff Houck to use extra vigilance in his safe keeping, in order that justice may be meted out to him.

DEATH OF DAVID WORDEN.—Directly after our paper had gone to press last week, the sad intelligence reached here, that DAVID WORDEN, Esq., Superintendent of the Kemble Coal and Iron Company's Furnaces, at Riddlesburg, Bedford county, had died, on Monday evening, the 11th inst., of pneumonia, in the 46th year of his age.

Mr. Worden's death, though a comparative stranger in Bedford county, cast a gloom over the entire community. He had been connected with the improvements made by the Kemble Coal and Iron Company from their inception. He was on the ground before the first stone was laid in those magnificent structures which will stand as monuments of his skill for many years, and superintended them to their completion and to their ultimate triumph. Well was it for the citizens of Bedford county that Worden become the pioneer to open up their vast mineral resources. With him there was no such "word as fail." His unparalleled industry, quiet demeanor, ability to grasp and overcome great obstacles made him the leader among the most energetic and skillful of his men and the admiration of all who knew him. No wonder then that his loss is keenly felt and that the feeling is universal that no one can be found to successfully fill his place. His loss is a heavy one to Bedford county and the iron interests of this section. We deeply sympathize with those immediately interested in him, and drop our tear in behalf of the community which in him, loses one of its brightest jewels.

Mr. Louder, who has been connected with the office, since the establishment of the works, and who understands them better than any other man connected with them, has been appointed temporary Superintendent, and we hope that he may be continued permanently, as he is a young man worthy of every confidence and the man upon whom, we think, the mantles of the lamented Worden should fall.

ANOTHER LIGHTNING ROD AND INSURANCE SWINDLE.—We have repeatedly warned our friends in the country to beware of sharpers and swindlers, who under any pretense whatever, seek to obtain the notes, without first having delivered the full value of them. If they give it for a consideration hereafter to be supplied or delivered, put it down as a swindle and deal with no strangers in that way. The latest case that has been brought to our notice is the operation of a man styling himself as an agent of the *"Girard Insurance Company of Erie County, Pa."* This man put up a lightning rod for a *part of the consideration* of a note of $151,65, and gave the following agreement for the remainder, being much the larger portion of the note.

For the value received, I, the undersigned, agent of the U. S lightning rod company, agree to deliver unto A. Lovell a policy of insurance of Girard Electrical insurance company, of Girard, Erie county Pa. in accordance with the conditions stipulated in application for insurance this day taken by me, within thirty days from date of application, the said A. Lovell having this day given his obligation for $151 65, which amount is in for full insurance and lightning rods, this day placed upon building.

Town of Armstrong, county of Lycoming, State of Pennsylvania, this sixth day of October, 1871.

D. C. SULLIVAN.

Of course, Mr. Sullivan has not appeared, although the thirty days have long since expired, nor has any policy reached Mr. Lovell. Some of his neighbors are in the same perdicament, and are anxiously waiting for Mr. Sullivan's appearance. Mr. Lovell gives notice that he will not pay his note as there was no value received.—*Williamsport Gazette and Bulletin.*

Our readers would do well to remember the name of the company, and keep a sharp look-out for Mr. D. S. Sullivan.

A full line of Pen Knives and Scissors at Stewarts' Hardware Store. [Dec.20,-3t.

WINTERY.—The whistling wind tells us that winter, with its snows and sighs and sorrows is here. To some it brings only health and happiness, to others, hunger and hopelessness; to some, pleasures of the palate, to others the pinchings of poverty; to some, cheerfulness and comfort; to others, the cries of craving children; to some the witchery of wealth, to others the wailings of want; it will bring to some the highest designs of which we are capable in this sphere. Let all whom God has blessed with a goodly store of this world's wealth, remember the poor during the coming winter. The man of the world and the woman of fashion amid the exciting scenes of the social dance, will lose sight of the widow and the orphan, but their cry none the less ascend to Heaven, and it is incumbent upon us as believers in Him who bade us to care for the poor, that we should satisfy their wants. Whilst you are pursuing the phantom pleasure, forgetful there is pain or suffering in this world, many a starving babe is vainly seeking nourishment from the empty breast, wherein beats a heart as warm in maternal love as ever the affection of heiress or queen. Think of these things, and while you lavish thousands in luxuriousness forget not to alleviate the pangs of penury.—*Exchange.*

A magnificent China Sett, at Stewarts' Hardware Store, to be chanced off at the Town Clock Fair.

PAINTING AND WHITEWASHING.—The buildings upon the rising ground on the north side, are adding greatly to the fine appearance of our town. The view from the railway trains, and especially from the Broad Top, is beautiful and attractive. The beauty of that part of town will be greatly added to, however, when all the wooden houses are painted white. Speaking of paint, we may here express our gratification in view of the improved taste exhibited by our people in this matter. We are glad to see the dingy brown paints abandoned and pure white used instead. A stroll through West Huntingdon, where white paint is used almost exclusively, is really refreshing.

Paint is a preservative, besides adding greatly to the appearance and value of a property, and we would suggest that special attention be given this Winter and Spring to the painting white, of all wooden houses, and the whitewashing of all stables, barns, outbuildings and fences. We have a beautiful town; let us all have a pride in adding to that beauty. The cost and trouble is trifling.

A beautiful Lamp, on exhibition at Stewarts' Hardware Store, to be voted for at the Town Clock Fair.

RATHER A BIG UNDERTAKING.—Morris Wiernick, a lad aged fourteen years, a nephew of William and Joseph March, of this place, left Czenstochau, in Russian Poland, on the 26th day of October last, and arrived in New York the 22d day of December, alone. It will be remembered that some eight weeks ago, a vessel reached New York, bringing the horrifying intelligence, that on the passage out, some forty odd fatal cases of Cholera had occured on board, and a number subsequently occurred at Quarantine. Morris was a passenger on this vessel, and escaped the terrible disease and after the expiration of the quarantine order he made his way to Huntingdon where the conductor set him off to find his friends. He is a bright boy, small for his age and plucky. He deserves a gold medal for his fortitude.

FESTIVAL.—A Grand Festival, for the benefit of the M. E. Church, in M'Connellstown, will be held in that place, on the 1st and 2d of January. The public are invited to attend.

Go to Stewarts' for Skates. [Dec.20-2.

PORTER TOWNSHIP SCHOOL REPORT for the month ending, December 8 h, 1871. Being one holiday during the month, the full number of days is only nineteen. All the pupils that have attended twelve days and upwards are reported.

School No. 1.—M. J. Black 19, Mary Neff 18, J. C. Harrison 18, A. E. Neff 17, C. Knode 18, M. A. Miller 15, S. C. Knode 14, M. M. Knode 13, Ella Arms 19, J. R. Colder 19, J. W. Black 19, H. H. Black 19, J. L. Black 19, M. H. Black 19, Willie Knode 18, Willie Harnish 18, L. Neff 17, M. H. Neff 17, L. C. Harnish 14, B. E. Sparr 13.

School numbers thirty-five scholars.

School No. 2.—E. M. Allen 19, H. S. Morrow 19, Mary Roe 19, L. Isenberg 19, M. M. Tussey 19, A. N. Roe 19, Annie Allen 19, Beckie Sprankle 18, Ada F. Work 18, Maggie A. Snyder 18, Emma Laird 18, E. M. Cunningham 17, M. E. Laird 17, A. E. Sprankle 17, L. M. Bridenbaugh 16, M. M. Sprankle 15, Lizzie Henderson 13. A. M. Kennedy 13, Willie Roe 19, Willie Isenberg 19, Aaron Snyder 19, J. S. Tussey 19, Willie Morrow 19, John L. Roe 19, S. L. Work 18, G. E. Roe 18, A. C. Hamer 17, E. A. Tussey 17, Howard Laird 17, C. N. Cunningham 16, Samuel Guisler 16, Samuel Sprankle 16, H. G. Tussey 15, Charles Fleming 15, Willie Rouch 13, Martin Rouch 13, Samuel Rouch 12.

School numbers fifty scholars.

School No. 3.—Annie Kough 19, Carrie Fleming 19, Mary Cresswell 19, Dollie Wertz 19, Lydia Winters 18, Ellie Fleming 18, M. F. Boulaugh 17, Ada Neff 17, Lydia Winters 17, Jennie Piper 16, Carrie Boulaugh 16, Maggie Neff 15, Ellen Mitchell 14, Emma Hughes 14, Linie Woods 13, Laura Hampshere 13, Jennie Stringer 12, W. F. Kough 19, H. P. Kough 19, Thomp Estep 18, Wm. Mitchell 18, Oliver Long 18, James Wertz 18, J. S. Estep 17, T. H. Boulaugh 17, Andie Lawer 17, Mahlon Garland 17, J. M. Neff 16, Robert Long 15, Moss Baker 15, J. L. Baker 15, Emanuel Boyer 13.

School numbers forty-five scholars. The attendance for the present month has been as good as circumstances would permit, some were detained on account of sickness.

School No. 4.—Ella M'Elroy 19, Emma Murrits 19, Emma Sharpe 19, Annie Hildebrand 19, Sallie Ayers 19, Ada M. Thompson 17, Sophia Gross 16, Kate Murrits 16, Annie Thompson 16, Lizzie Eckels 16, Sarah J. Shively 16, Beckie Benson 15, Ellen Weight 15, Martha Tate 15, Alice Ayers 14, Lucy M'Carty 14, Isalina Carnes 14, Mary Eckels 14, Thomas Brooks 19, George M'Carty 19, Robert Hildebrand 19, Henry Gross 18, John Hildebrand 18, Howard Sharpe 16, Wilson Snyder 14, Jerome Benson 14, George Hildebrand 14, Hugh Snyder 13, J. N. Patterson 12.

Attendance for the month is forty-one.

School No. 5.—Mary C. Nevel 17, C. S. Neff 17, Annie Grafius 16, Grace Neff 15, Irene Hall 13, Minna White 12, Rachel Grove 12, Mary Fair 12, H. S. Aurandt 19, S. H. Aurandt 19, M. Isenberg 19, Allie Grafius 19, Elmer Neff 19, W. H. Piper 19, F. K. Holtzinger 18, B. L. Neff 18, Benj. Hatfield 17, Frank Neff 16, Willie Grafius 16, George Nevel 16, George W. Neff 16, Howard L. Neff 16, A. C. Neff 16, S. Neff 15, Calvin Bryan 14, James Moore 14, George B. Coulder 14, D. N. Harnish 14, Fiimore Piper 14, Milton Fair 14, Joseph Bryan 12, S. Nevel 12, George Morter 12, Dorris Piper 12, Allen M'Combs 12.

The attendance for the past month had been very good, we will continue so in future.

School No. 4.—R. E. Shultzberger 19, Ettie Cozzens 19, L. A. Forrest 19, S. A. Forrest, J. E. Isenberg 19, L. M. Isenberg 19, S. A. Cozzens 18, A. J. Forrest 18, R. C. Waite 14, Lydia Isenberg 14, Ellie Janes 14, Ettie M'Cartney 13, J. V. Isenberg 19, W. V. Isenberg 19, W. A. Isenberg 19, George B. Forrest 19, S. M. Forrest 19, J. C. Forrest 19, S. Forrest 17, M. K. Hare 14.

The school numbers twenty-four pupils.

OUR NEIGHBORS—BLAIR COUNTY.—The body of Mr. John McDonald, son of widow Harriet McDonald, of Tyrone, was brought home on Wednesday last. McDonald was riding upon the front of an engine near Franks-town, four miles from Pittsburgh, unbeknown to the engineer. When the train entered the Pittsburg yard it run into another train, and McDonald was there first discovered, dead. He was about 30 years of age, and leaves a wife and three children. The accident occurred on Monday night last.—*Herald.*

On Monday a five year old son of Martin Kelley, of this city, drank a portion of boiling coffee from a coffee pot standing on the stove hearth, and was so scalded that death ensued in a short time afterward.—*Radical.*

On Saturday evening last, as Mrs. Moore, wife of J. H. Moore, of this city, was going down the cellar steps of her residence, carrying a lighted coal oil lamp, she tripped on a coat lying on the steps, throwing the lamp out of her hand, causing an explosion, which communicated the fire to several articles near. An alarm was sounded, the fire department were out, but the fire was extinguished before doing any damage. Mrs. Moore, fortunately, escaped.—*Ib.*

BEDFORD COUNTY.—Monday last, near Schellsburg, Mr. William Shull met with a very severe injury, which may yet prove fatal. He and his wife were hauling cornfodder with two horses and a wagon, and Mr. S. was on the wagon when the horses took fright from a falling bundle, ran off, throwing Mr. S. out, dragging him for some distance and injuring his spine.—*Inquirer.*

A report is circulating that Henry Ickes, Esq., formerly of this county and five other gentlemen from Altoona were frozen to death on Monday night, the 4th inst., near Silina, Kansas. It is said that they started out buffalo hunting in the morning and were found next day, frozen to death. We expect to be able to give the particulars next week.—*Ib.*

The Presbyterian church or Bedford contributed, on the last Sabbath of September, to their Board of Home Missions $68, which has been increased by the Bloody Run portion of the church to $78, and on the last Sabbath of November they contributed to their Board of Foreign Missions $75, of which sum $11.50 was from the Bloody Run portion. These are handsome sums for these two objects, from this church, as their annual collections.—*Ib.*

TRIBUTE OF RESPECT.—At a meeting of the Marshal Literary Society, of Mercersburg College, held December, 1871, the following preamble and resolutions were adopted, relating to the death of our beloved brother, Samuel Hamer:

WHEREAS it has pleased Divine Providence to remove from our midst, our esteemed brother, a worthy member of society, and a devoted christian, Samuel Hamer, therefore,

*Resolved*, That we, as members of our body, of which our brother was an earnest and faithful representative, sympathize with the grief of the mourners, which "He who doeth all things well," has brought upon us; for in the death of our beloved brother we have sustained the loss of a zealous and pious christian.

*Resolved*, That we shall ever cherish the memory of his devotion to duty, and the earnest spirit with which he labored in our association, having endeared himself to all who knew him, by his gentle, modest and forbearing conduct.

*Resolved*, That we sincerely condole with the relatives of our deceased brother, and tender them our cordial sympathy in their bereavement and irreparable loss.

*Resolved*, That the members of this Society wear the usual badge of mourning for two weeks, and that a copy of these resolutions be forwarded to the parents of the deceased, and that they be inserted in the Reformed Church *Messenger*, and in the Huntingdon JOURNAL.

G. H. TAYLOR,
W. W. MOORE,
J. M. GINRICH,
} Committee.

MASONIC.—The following is a list of the officers of the Masonic Lodges, of this borough, chosen for the ensuing year:

Standing Stone, H. R. A. Chapter, No. 201; Election held Dec. 5, A. D. 1871; A. I., 2401. H. P., K. Allen Lovell; K., Thom. S. Johnston; S., Robert King; Treasurer, Graffus Miller; Secretary, J. Simpson Africa.

Mount Moriah Lodge, No. 300, A. Y. M. Election held Dec. 11, A. D. 1871; A. L. 5871: W. M., Thos. S. Johnston; S. W., John M Bailey; J. W., J. Simpson Africa; Treasurer, Graffus Miller; Secretary, Alex. Elliott; S. D., A. Tyhurst; J. D., R. D. Steel; Chaplain, Rev. J. W. Plannett; S. M. C., M. S. Lytle; J. M. C., J. C. Smiley; Pur., John B. Moore; Tyler., Stewart Allen.

ANNIVERSARY.—On Saturday afternoon and evening of last week, the colored scholars of the Mission Sunday School, in this place, celebrated the third anniversary of their school, by a grand supper. The scholars request us to return their sincere thanks to the ladies and gentlemen who have been instrumental in establishing this school, and for their liberality in keeping it in successful operation, hoping that they may continue, and not "grow weary in well doing."

GET READY.—Our Carrier wishes us to say to our readers that he will be on hand, on New Year's day, with his annual address, which is ably written, and will be one of the neatest specimens of typography ever offered in this place. Give him a warm welcome and make his heart glad by your liberality.

TIME!—Don't forget the Fair and Festival, in the Court House, that opens on the 21st inst., for the purpose of raising funds for the purchase of a Town Clock. Let every person attend and assist in raising the necessary amount.

MESSRS. HENRY & Co. respectfully request us to inform their customers and the public generally that their store will be closed on Christmas. [dec13-2t.

For fine confectionery, toys, jewelry, &c., call at Daniel Africa's, one door west of Jackson Hotel.

Go to Stewarts' Hardware Store and see the Silver Pitcher, Gold Headed Cane and a case of Amputating Instruments, all to be voted for at the Town Clock Fair.

If you want a fine cigar step in to Daniel Africa's, one door west of Jackson Hotel.

Superior qualities of Anthracite and Broad Top coal, wholesale and retail, at lowest market rates, by Robert U. Jacob, 105 fourth st., Huntingdon. [june21

The Bee Hive is the place they buy good fresh candies. They are made every day and night and cannot get old.

FARMER'S ATTENTION!—Lime burners' coal kept constantly on hand and sold low by Robert U. Jacob. [june21.

Don't forget that the largest and cheapest stock of Holiday goods in Huntingdon, are at D. S. Africa's Variety Store, No. 423, in the Diamond. *

The place to get a large assortment of toys, candies, raisins, figs, oranges, lemons, nuts, crackers, cranberries, is at the variety store, No. 423 in the Diamond.

The Howe Machine smashed, when the horse was killed by the cars at Spruce Creek, was not the *last* one. Plenty more going off like hot cakes for CHRISTMAS GIFTS, &c. Send your orders to Brown's Carpet Store, Huntingdon, Pa. [dec13-3t.

As a dressing, *Nature's Hair Restorative* goes ahead of any in the market. See advertisement. [dec6-2t.

Just opened at Africa's Variety Store, in the Diamond, a large stock of Candies, Raisins, Figs, Nuts, Crackers, Cranberries, Prunes, &c. Call and see them.*

Look out for Patton's Prize Rebus.

The Bee Hive is No. 111 4th street, Huntingdon, Pa., where everybody can find just what they want for Holiday presents.

Don't forget that D. S. Africa's variety store, No. 423, in the Diamond, is a museum of curiosities.

HUNTINGDON AND BROAD TOP RAILROAD—*Report of Coal Shipped:*

| | TONS. |
|---|---|
| For the week ending Dec. 16, 1871 | 6,971 |
| Same date last year | 7,562 |
| Increase for week | 591 |
| Decrease for week | |
| Shipped for the year 1871 | 310,814 |
| Same date last year | 301,946 |
| Increase for year 1871 | 8,868 |

A Large assortment of fine Jewelry, suitable for Holiday Presents, also a choice lot of fine Pen Knives, just received at Africa's Variety Store, No, 423, in the Diamond.*

HURRAH FOR THE HOLIDAYS!—*100 Setts Ladies' and Childrens' Furs*, ranging in prices from $3 00 to $40 00 per sett. We are confident that we can please all, as our stock is complete, beautiful and cheap for the quality of goods. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere, at 732 and 735 Hill street. HENRY & Co. dec13-2t.

FOR SALE.—A good second-handed Piano, on monthly payments, for sale at Greene's Music Store. Dec. 13 2t

Huntingdon Livery, Sale and Exchange Stables, 619 Washington street and 620 Mifflin street. Good stock, warm robes, and everything necessary for comfort. [june21.

Window Glass and Putty at Patton

The Huntingdon Journal.

## Farm and Household.

### Thrift.

In passing through the country, why is it that we see only a few farms that seem to be well fenced, and on which the dwellings and other farm buildings are in good repair? These few farms are always free from weeds, and invariably yield good crops of all kinds. The owner of these premises attend to their business of farming. They get their crops in at the proper season, and harvest them when they are properly matured. Their cash account is always in their favor, the balance being on the right side. They have no time to waste at the taverns or groceries. If they have spare time, it is devoted to reading and self culture. They always subscribe, and pay for their local paper first, and others are not discarded. They and their families are well informed upon the current topics of the day. Their children are educated, well clad, and well bred. These men are the substantial and influential men of the town. They keep it respectable. They support the schools and the churches. These are the men to whom the country ever looks in time of need. They always have opinions on the subjects, and their views are never in market. Ever open to conviction, never to corruption, they may sometimes be a little exclusive, but they are ever ready to assist their less favored neighbors to rise to the same plain upon which they stand. They are reserved but true, cautious but sure, and they constitute the hope and the safety of our republic.

### To Keep Cellars From Freezing.

The following method for obtaining this desirable feature is given by the *Scientific American*. The experiment was tried by a gentleman with the cellar of an out-house, in which, on several occasions, vegetables have frozen, although the cellar was fortified against frost by a process known to farmers as "banking." The walls and the ceiling were pasted over with four or five thickness of old newspapers, a curtain of the material being also pasted over the same low windows on the top of the cellar. The papers were pasted to the bare joists over the head, leaving an air space between them and the floor. He reports that the papers carried his roots through last winter, though the cellar was left unbanked, and he is confident they have made the cellar frost-proof. We do not counsel the special use of old newspapers for this purpose. It is just as well, or better, to use coarse brown paper. Whatever paper is employed, it will be necessary to sweep down the walls throughly, and to use a very strong size to hold the stones. It is not necessary to press the paper down into all the depressions of the wall; every air space beneath it is an additional defense against the cold.

### Greasing Wheels.

Greasing buggies and wagons is of more importance than some people imagine. Many a wheel is ruined by oiling to plentifully. A well-made wheel will endure constant wear for ten or twenty years, if care is taken to use the right kind and proper amount of oil; but if this matter is not attended to, the wheel is used up in five or six years, or may be sooner. Lard should never be used on a wagon, for it will penetrate the hub and work its way out around the tenons of the spokes and spoil the wheel. Castor oil is a good material for use on an iron axel; just oil enough should be applied to a spindle to give it a light coating; this is better than more, for the surplus put on will work out at the ends and be forced by the shoulders and out into the hub around outside the boxes. To oil an axletree, first wipe the spindles clean with a cloth wet with turpentine, if it won't wipe without it. On a buggy or carriage, wipe and clean off the back and front ends of the hubs, and then apply a very small quantity of castor oil, or some especially prepared lubricator near the shoulders and point.—*Scientific Pres.*

### Fine Wool Sheep.

A Vermont journal, giving the history of fine wool, says that fifty years ago not a pound of fine wool was grown in the United States, in Great Britian, or in any other country except Spain. In 1784 a small flock was sent to Elector of Saxony as a great present from the King of Spain, Whence came the entire product of Saxony wool, now of such immense value. In 1809, during the invasion of Spain by the French some of the valuable crown flock were sold to raise money. The American consul, Jarvis, at Lisbon, purchased 1,400 head and sent them to this country. A portion of this pure and unmixed Merino flock is still to be found in Vermont at this time. Such was the origin of the immense flock of fine wool sheep in the United States at the present time.

### How to get Work Done on a Farm.

Every farmer is at times oppressed with a sense of the overwhelming number of things that requires to be done. We have seen a nervous man in such circumstances commence one job and before he had got fairly started, abandon it for something that seemed more pressing, merely to leave this in the same unfinished state; and when night came he had accomplished little or nothing, and passed hours tossing about on a sleepless bed thinking what he should do on the morrow. A young farmer could not adopt a better rule than to repeat to himself every morning, "Whatsoever thy hand findeth to do, do it with thy might," and act upon it. When a job is commenced, finish before beginning another; but at the same time, attend to the little things. But if you happened to behind, strike a lively gait, do one thing at a time, when it is done, take a little rest by immediately commencing another, and in this way you will pull through in good time.

HOW TO KEEP MEAT FRESH.—To persons living at a distance from meat markets, the following directions for keeping meat may be of some use: Cut the meat in slices ready to fry. Pack it in layers, sprinkling with salt and pepper, just enough to make it palitable. Place on the top a thick paper or cloth, with salt half an inch thick. Keep this on all the while. I have kept meat for three weeks in the summer, and the last was as good as the first.—*Rural American.*


## Miscellaneous.

THE "INQUIRER" BOOK BINDERY

BEDFORD, PA.

LUTZ & JORDAN, Proprietors.

All kinds of binding done on short notice and as reasonable rates. Old books rebound and made a good as new. Albums repaired etc.

INTERESTING TO EVERYBODY.

*Magazines.*

The American Agriculturist, Harpers' Magazine, The Galaxy, Lippincott, Atlantic Monthly, Scribner's Monthly, Godey's Lady's Book, Demorest Lalie's Repository, Peters Musical Magazines Church Magazines, and all other Magazines bound up in handsome volumes at the very lowest figures.

*Papers.*

Harper's Weekly, Harper's Bazar, Hearth and Home, The New York Ledger, Weekly, Saturday Night, Sunday School and Church Papers, and all other papers bound into volumes on shortest notice.

*Music.*

Sheet Music and Musical Monthlies put up in handsome volumes which make an ornament to the

PARLOR AND CENTER TABLE.

What young lady hasn't enough music on hand to make a nice volume.

NOW IS THE TIME

To have your binding done. Gather up your music, papers and Magazines. Bring in your broken backed books and albums, and leave them at the residence of

REV. W. B. WAGNER, No. 622 Church St., near 7th St., Huntingdon, Pa.,

Who is our agent, and he will forward them to us, and we will put them in any

STYLE OF BINDING

You wish, and return them to our agent, who will deliver them without any trouble or inconvenience to you.

Rates, &c., can be seen with the Agent. Terms cash on delivery. august2–3m.

1871. 1871

CLOTHING FOR MEN AND BOYS

H. ROMAN.

NEW CLOTHING,

FOR

FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING,

JUST RECEIVED AT

H. ROMAN'S

CHEAP CLOTHING STORE

For Gentlemen's Clothing of the best material and made in the best workmanlike manner, call at H. ROMAN'S, opposite the Franklin House, in Market Square, Huntingdon, Pa. apr 26, '71.

TOWN LOTS *In West Huntingdon for Sale.*

Buy Lots From First Hands at

TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS.

Purchasers desiring to build, can have very liberal terms as to payments.

Now is the time to invest.

Apply to R. ALLISON MILLER.

Jan. 4, '71.

H. ROBLEY, *MERCHANT TAYLOR,*

Has removed to one door south of the Bee Hive, on Montgomery street, where he is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line of business.

He has just received a full line of

*CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, OVERCOATINGS,*

and he solicits a call from the public, promising to make goods to order, in a workmanlike manner.

NEW STORE.

John Hagey has just returned from the city with a fine assortment of choice goods, consisting in part of

*DRY GOODS, DRESS GOODS, NOTIONS, SHOES, GROCERIES, PROVISIONS,*

and a general variety of white and yellow

QUEENSWARE.

These goods have been carefully bought, in regular houses, and will be sold at reasonable prices, as he has advantages over others, his expenses being trifling.

Every artical usually found in a first-class store will be kept on hand.

Thankful to the public for the very liberal patronage extended to him in the past, he respectfully solicits a continuance of the same.

Store on Washington street.

Jan. 4, '71.

NEW STORE,

NEW GOODS,

and LOW PRICES.

*AT 313 HILL STREET, HUNTINGDON, PA*

The undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity that he has opened a Variety Store at No. 313 Hill street, where all kinds of goods can be had as cheap as at any other establishment in the county. His line of

DRY-GOODS.

GROCERIES.

NOTIONS, &C..

is complete, and will be sold at reasonable prices. He is agent for the Wilson Sewing Machine.

B. L. SILKNITTER.

MILLINERY STORE.

*Mrs. Katy A. Silknitter,* has opened a fashionable Millinery and Dress Making establishment at 313½ Hill street, and respectfully asks a share of public patronage.

Work will be done in the best style, and satisfaction guaranteed. All kinds of Patterns for sale cheap. She is in receipt of all the latest styles and is prepared to execute all kinds of work in her line in a style that cannot fail to please the most fastidious. Call and examine.

May 24, 1871.

WM. WILLIAMS, MANUFACTURER OF

MARBLE MANTLES, MONUMENTS.

HEADSTONES, &C.,

HUNTINGDON, PA

PLASTER PARIS CORNICES,

MOULDINGS. &C

ALSO SLATE MANTLES FURNISHED TO ORDER.

Jan. 4, '71.

FARMERS, READ THIS!

PERFECTION AT LAST!

Every farmer wants the Myers Separating Attachment for attaching to the common Thresher in place of the Shaker. It cleans all kinds of grain ready for the market. No extra hands required to run it. Can be attached to any common Thresher without moving it from the barn. Satisfaction guaranteed or on sale. Price $100 and $110. Six horse tripple, geared horse powers, thresher and separator, belt, or geared $280 and $290. For parliculars, address

THOMAS W. MONTGOERRY, Agt.,

oct4-2m Neff's Mills, Huntingdon Co., Pa.

FOR

PLAIN PRINTING,

FANCY PRINTING,

GO TO THE JOURNAL OFFICE.

## New Advertisements.

THOMAS FISHER. H. G. FISHER. THOS. C. FISHER.

FISHER & SONS,

PROPRIETORS

of the

HUNTINGDON MILLS.

Manufacturers of

FLOUR, FEED, GROUND PLASTER, &C

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, FISH, SALT, &C.

A Specialty made of

CARPETS. OIL CLOTH & MATTINGS

March 8, 1871.

S. E. HENRY, T. S. JOHNSTON, } {S. H. ISENBERG, B. F. ISENBERG.

HENRY & CO.,

HUNTINGDON, PENN'A.

FORWARDING & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Wholesal and Retail Dealers in

DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
BOOTS, SHOES,
HATS, CAPS,
FURS, CARPETS,
OIL CLOTHS,
GROCERIES,
HARDWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
CLOTHING, IRON,
NAILS, GLASS,
PUTTY, OILS,
PAINTS, SALT, PLASTER, &C., &C.

Proprietors of the WARRIOR RIDGE FLOURING MILLS. Flour and Feed constantly on hand.

Cash paid for all kinds of grain. Produce taken in exchange for goods at the Mammoth Store. Feb. 15, 1871.

GLAZIER & BRO.

DEALERS IN GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
BOOTS,
SHOES,
HATS,
&c. &c.,

SMITH Street, between Washington and Mifflin

GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
QUEENSWARE,

WASHINGTON Street, near Smith. Jan. 18, '71.

FRESH ARRIVAL OF

FALL AND WINTER GOODS

at the Cheap Store of

BENJAMIN JACOBS,

Corner of the Diamond, in Saxton's Building

I have just received a large stock of Ladies' elegant Dress Goods, Gentlemens' Furnishing Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps of all kinds, in endless variety, for ladies, gentlemen, misses and children.

CARPETS,
OIL CLOTHS,
GROCERIES,

Coffee, Teas of all kinds, best and common Syrups, Spices, &c. Tobacco and Segars, wholesale and retail.

These goods will be sold as cheap, if not *cheaper*, than any other house in town. "Quick sales and small profits," is my motto.

Thankful for past patronage, I respectfully solicit a continuance of the same.

January 4, 1871.

NATURE'S HAIR RESTORATIVE

Contains no Lac Sulphur—No Sugar of Lead—No Litharge—No Nitrate of Silver, and is entirely free from the Poisonous and Health-destroying Drugs used in other Hair Preparations.

Transparent and clear as crystal, it will not soil the finest linen—perfectly SAFE, CLEAN, and EFFICIENT,—desideratums LONG SOUGHT FOR AND FOUND AT LAST!

It restores and prevents the Hair from becoming Gray, imparts a soft, glossy appearance, removes Dandruff, is cool and refreshing to the head, checks the Hair from falling off, and restores it to a great extent when premature y lost, prevents headaches, cures all humors, cutaneous eruptions, and unnatural heat. *As a Dressing for the Hair it is the best article in the market.*

DR. G. SMITH, Patentee, Ayer, Mass. Prepared only by PROCTOR BROTHERS, Gloucester, Mass. The genuine is put up in a panel bottle, made expressly for it, with the name of the article blown in the glass. Ask your druggist for NATURA'S HAIR RESTORATIVE, and take no other.

☞ Send two three cent stamps to Proctor Brothers for a "Treatise on the Human Hair." The information it contains is worth $500,00 to any person. [my.1071-yr.

For sale by JOHN READ, Huntingdon.

W. H. WOODS, W. B. LEAS, JAMES NORTH, R. MILTON SPEER, DAVID BARRICK.

THE UNION BANK OF HUNTINGDON,

*HUNTINGDON, PA.,*

CAPITAL, PAID UP $100,000,

Solicits accounts from Banks, Bankers, and others. A liberal Interest allowed on time Deposits. All kinds of Securities bought and sold for the usual commission.

Collections made on all points. Drafts on all parts of Europe supplied at the usual rates.

Persons depositing Gold and Silver will receive the same in return, with interest. The partners are individually liable to the extent of their whole property for all deposits.

C. C. NORTH, Cashier.

January 4, 1871.

WHOLESALE MANUFACTORY

OF

*BOOTS AND SHOES,*

Huntingdon, Pa.

The attention of Merchants is called to our

Mens' Farming Balmoral Plow Shoes.

Mens' Brogan Shoes.

Mens' Kip Boots.

Mens' all Calf Boots.

Women's and Misses' Calf Polish and Balmoral Shoes.

Women's and Misses' Tampico Goat, Polish and Balmoral Shoes.

All the Calf and Kip we work is Country Tanned, Slaughtered Stock, no Steam Tanned Stock used.

All goods put up in the most THOROUGH and SUBSTANTIAL MANNER.

All our own Stock and Work guaranteed.

For Terms, Prices, &c., address

THE KEYSTONE BOOT & SHOE MANUFACTURING CO.,

oct4-1y. HUNTINGDON, PA.


## Travellers' Guide.

HUNTINGDON AND BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

Winter Arrangement.

On and after Saturday, November 25th, 1871, Passenger Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

| UP TRAINS. ACCOM. | UP TRAINS. MAIL | STATIONS. | DOWN TRAINS. ACCOM | DOWN TRAINS. MAIL |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| P. M. | A. M. | | A. M. | P. M. |
| LE 5 40 | LE 8 10 | Huntingdon | AR 9 00 | AR 4 18 |
| 5 47 | 8 20 | Long Siding | 8 49 | 4 29 |
| 6 00 | 8 31 | McConnellstown | 8 34 | 4 13 |
| 6 07 | 8 41 | Pleasant Grove | 8 27 | 4 06 |
| 6 29 | 8 55 | Marklesburg | 8 14 | 3 11 |
| 6 33 | 9 06 | Coffee Run | 8 0 | 3 36 |
| 6 41 | 9 14 | Rough and Ready | 7 53 | 3 28 |
| 6 54 | 9 28 | Cove | 7 38 | 3 13 |
| 7 00 | 9 35 | Fisher's Summit | 7 33 | 3 08 |
| 7 31 | 10 00 | Saxton | 7 00 | 2 52 |
| 7 47 | 10 18 | Riddlesburg | 6 43 | 2 34 |
| 7 54 | 10 26 | Hopewell | 6 37 | 1 26 |
| 8 12 | 10 46 | Pipers Run | 6 20 | 2 0 |
| 8 32 | 11 06 | Tatesville | 6 00 | 1 44 |
| 8 47 | 11 24 | Bloody Run | 5 48 | 1 34 |
| 8 52 | 11 29 | Mount Dallas | 5 | 1 30 |
| 8 59 | 11 37 | Ashcom's Mills | 5 37 | 1 22 |
| 9 04 | 11 36 | Lutzville | 5 32 | 1 18 |
| 9 09 | 11 44 | Hartley's Mills | 5 29 | 1 14 |
| 9 16 | 11 47 | Jamesons | 5 22 | 1 07 |
| AR 9 23 | 11 54 | Bedford | LE 5 15 | 1 00 |

SHOUP'S RUN BRANCH.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| LE 7 23 | LE 10 05 | Saxton | AR 7 10 | AR 2 45 |
| 7 25 | 10 24 | Coalmont | 6 55 | 2 30 |
| 7 40 | 1 25 | Crawford | 6 50 | 2 15 |
| AR 7 50 | AR 10 33 | Dudley | LE 6 40 | LE 2 15 |
| | | Broad Top City | | |

JOHN M'KILLIPS, Supt.

Huntingdon, Sept 21, 1871.

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.

TIME OF LEAVING OF TRAINS.

Winter Arrangement.

| WESTWARD. MAIL | EXPRESS | PACIFIC EXPRESS | ACCOMODATION | MAY | STATIONS. | EASTWARD. ACCOMODATION | MAIL | PACIFIC EXPRESS | FAST LINE |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| P. M. | A. M. | A. M. | P. M. | | | A. M. | P. M. | P. | |
| 4 56 | 6 12 | .. | 10 41 | | Hamilton | 1 01 | 4 03 | ..... | |
| 5 04 | 6 18 | .. | 10 51 | | Mt. Union | 9 53 | 3 55 | ..... | |
| 5 17 | 6 26 | .. | 11 10 | | Logleton | 9 43 | 3 45 | ..... | |
| 5 26 | 6 32 | .. | 11 26 | | Oil Creek | 9 37 | 3 37 | ..... | |
| 5 35 | 6 45 | .. | 11 50 | | HUNTINGDON | 9 24 | 3 24 | 11 | 15 |
| 5 51 | 7 02 | .. | 12 20 | | Petersburg | 9 08 | 3 08 | ..... | |
| 5 57 | 7 10 | .. | 12 32 | | Barree | 8 58 | 3 00 | ..... | |
| 6 10 | 7 17 | .. | 12 40 | | Spruce Creek | 8 51 | 2 53 | 10 | 50 |
| 6 25 | 7 25 | .. | 1 00 | | Birmingham | 8 39 | 2 42 | ..... | |
| 6 32 | 7 35 | 12 50 | 1 08 | | Tyrone | 8 32 | 2 35 | 10 | 34 |
| 6 41 | 7 45 | 1 07 | 1 22 | | Tipton | 8 23 | 2 26 | 10 | 20 |
| 6 50 | 7 50 | 1 07 | 1 30 | | Eastoria | 8 18 | 2 21 | ..... | |
| 6 55 | 7 54 | 1 11 | 1 36 | | Bell's Mills | 8 14 | 2 17 | 10 | 10 |
| 7 15 | 8 10 | 1 30 | 2 00 | | Altoona | 7 53 | 1 60 | 10 | 00 |
| P. M | A. M. | P. M | A. M. | | | A. M. | P. M. | P. | M. |

All trains East and West, with the exception of the Pacific Express East, which is followed closely by the Harrisburg Accommodation, stop at Huntingdon.

The East Line Westward, leaves Huntingdon at 7 58 P. M., and arrives at Altoona at 9 05 P. M.

The Pacific Express Westward leaves Huntingdon at 7 45 A. M. and arrives at Altoona at 9 05 A. M.

The Southern Express, Westward, leaves Huntingdon at 4 06 A. M., and arrives at Altoona at 9 25 A. M.

Cincinnati Express, Westward, leaves Huntingdon at 2 19 A. M., and arrives at Altoona at 5 45 A. M.

The East Line, Eastward, leaves Huntingdon at 12 50 A M. and arrives at Harrisburg at 3 55 A. M.

The Cincinnati Express, eastward, leaves Huntingdon at 7 05 P. M., and arrives at Harrisburg at 10 35 P. M.

NORTH CENTRAL RAILWAY.—On and after May 14th, trains will leave Harrisburg, as follows:

NORTHWARD.

| STATIONS. | MAIL | FAST LINE | ERIE MAIL | ELMIRA EXPRESS |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | P. M. | P. M. | A. M. |
| Harrisburg.....Leave | 1 55 | 4 35 | 11 55 | 2 10 |
| Williamsport.....Arrive | 6 25 | 8 40 | 4 00 | 6 55 |
| Elmira,—.....> | 10 35 | | | 10 55 |
| | A. M. | | | P. M. |
| Buffalo..... | 6 25 | | | 1 15 |
| Niagara Falls..... | 10 00 | | | 10 20 |

SOUTHWARD.

| STATIONS. | BUFFALO EXPRESS | ACCOMODATION | PACIFIC EXPRESS | EASTERN EXPRESS | MAIL |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | A. M. | A. M. | A. M. | A. M. | P. M. |
| Harrisburg.....leave | 6 38 | 8 00 | 11 15 | 2 30 | 1 25 |
| Baltimore.....arrive | | P. M | P. M. | 6 10 | 6 00 |
| | P. M. | 12 20 | 2 40 | | |
| Washington.....arrive | 1 19 | 5 40 | 6 25 | 8 25 | 10 00 |

ALFRED R. FISKE, General Supt.

May 24, 1871.

READING RAIL ROAD.

WINTER ARRANG

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 13TH, 1871.

Great Trunk Line from the North and North-West for Philadelphia, New York, Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Ashland, Shamokin, Lebanon, Allentown, Easton, Ephrata, Lititz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.

Trains leave Harrisburg for New York as follows: at 2.45, 8.10, a. m., and 2.10 p. m., connecting with similar trains on Pennsylvania Railroad, and arriving at New York at 10.07 a. m., 3.42 and 9.15 p. m. respectively. Sleeping Cars accompany the 2.45 a. m. train without change.

Returning: Leave New York at 9.00 a. m. 12.00 noon and 5.00 p. m., Philadelphia at 7.25, 8.30 a. m., and 3.30 p. m. Sleeping Cars accompany the 9.00 p. m. train from New York without change

Leave Harrisburg for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Minersville, Ashland, Shamokin, Allentown and Philadelphia at 8.10 a. m., 2.10 and 4.40 p. m., stopping at Lebanon and principal way stations; the 4.40 p. m. train connecting for Philadelphia, Pottsville and Columbia only. For Pottsville, Schuylkill Haven and Auburn, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad leave Harrisburg at 3.45 p. m.

East Pennsylvania Railroad trains leave Reading for Allentown, Easton and New York at 4.30, 10.40 a. m., and 4.00 p. m. Returning, leave New York at 9.00 a. m., 12.00 Noon and 5.00 p. m. and Allentown at 7.20 a. m. 12.25 Noon, 2.15, 4.25 and 8.35 p. m.

Way Passenger Train leaves Philadelphia at 7.30 a. m., connecting with similar train on East Penna. Railroad, returning from Reading at 6.2 p. m., stopping at all stations.

Leave Pottsville at 9.00 a. m. and 2.30 p. m., Herndon at 10.00 a. m., Shamokin at 5.40 and 11.15 a. m., Ashlandat 7.05 a. m., and 12.45 noon, Mahanoy City at 7.51 a. m. and 1.20 p. m., Tamaqua at 8.35 a. m. and 2.10 p. m. for Philadelphia, New York, Reading, Harrsburg, &c.

Leave Pottsville via schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad at 8.15 a. m. for Harrsburg, and 11.45 a. m., for Pinegrove and Tremont.

Reading Accommodation Train leaves Pottsville at 5.40 a. m., passes Reading at 7.30 a. m., arriving at Philidelphia at 10.2 a. m Returning leaves Philadelphia at 4.45 p. m., passes Reading at 7.35 p. m., arriving at Pottsville at 9.2 p. m.

Pottstown Accommodation Train leaves Pottstown at 7.00 a m., returning, leaves Philadelphia at 4.15 p. m.

Columbia Railroad Trains leave Reading at 7.20 a. m., and 6.15 p. m., for Ephrata, Lititz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c. Returning leave Lancaster at 8.20 a. m. and 3.25 p. m, and Columbia at 8.15 a. m. and 3.15 p. m.

Perkiomen Railroad trains leave Perkiomen Junction at 7.25, 9.05 a. m., 3.00 and 5.45 p. m.; returning, leave Schwenksville at 6.45, 8 10 a. m., 12.40 Noon and 4.45 p. m. connecting with similar trains on Reading Railroad.

Pickering Valley Railroad trains leave Phœnixville at 9.10 a. m., 3.05 and 6.55 p. m.; returning, leave Byers at 6.50 a. m., 12.15 noon, and 4.20 p. m., connecting with similar trains on Reading Railroad.

Colebrookdale Railroad trains leave Pottstown at 9.40 a. m. and 1.15 and 6.30 p. m., returning leave Mount Pleasant at 7.15, 11.25 a. m. and 2.54 p. m., connecting with similar trains on Reading Railroad.

Chester Valley Railroad trains leave Bridgeport at 8.30 a. m., 2.05 and 6.25 p. m., returning, leave Downingtown at 6.55 a. m., 12.50 noon, and 5.15 p. m., connecting with similar trains on Reading Railroad.

On Sundays: leave New York at 5.00 p. m., Philadelphia at 8.00 a. m. and 3.15 p. m., (the 8.00 a. m. train running only to Reading,) leave Pottsville at 8.00 a. m., leave Harrisburg at 2.40 a. m. and 2.00 p. m.; leave Allentown at 8.35 p. m.; leave Reading at 7.15 a. m and 9.50 p. m. for Harrisburg, at 4.35 a. m. for New York, at 9.40 a. m. and 4.15 p. m. for Philadelphia.

Commutation, Mileage, Season, School and Excursion Tickets to and from all points, at reduced rates.

Baggage checked through; 100 pounds allowed each Passenger.

J. E. WOOTTEN, Asst. Supt. & Eng. Mach'ry.

nov.23,'71.]

THE PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD will commence running through trains on Monday, 1st proximo.

For the present, the train will leave Cumberland for Pittsburgh at 8.15 A. M., but this will be changed so soon as a Summer Schedule is adopted.

The Accommodation Train will leave at 9 A. M.

D. D. ANGELL, Master of Transportation.

May 28, '71

## Miscellaneous.

H. S. M'CARTHY, } W. B. M'CARTHY, } J. A. POLLOCK

FRANKLIN MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

[*Lately Huntingdon Manufacturing Company.*]

Manufactures Flooring, Siding, Doors, Sash, Shutters, Blinds, Moulding, Scroll Work, Counters, Shelving, Wood Turnings, Hubbs, Spokes, Bent Work, Forks, Rakes, Brooms, Pick, and Hammer Handles, Furniture, &c. Our Machinery being of the very best quality and giving our entire attention to the business we are able to manufacture all of the above named articles, as well as many others, in the best style and always promptly.

All orders addressed to the FRANKLIN MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Huntingdon, Pa., will receive our immediate attention. Price list furnished when desired.

June 7, 1871.

HEADQUARTERS FOR FINE *CANDIES, TOYS, FRUITS, NUTS, &c,* is at D. S. Africa's Variety Store, No. 423, in the Diamond. Also, can be had, a fine assortment of WATCHES, JEWELRY, PEN KNIVES, POCKET BOOKS, TRAVELING SATCHELS, FANCY SOAPS, HAIR OILS, PERFUMERY, &C. Dow's Celebrated Ice Cream Soda Water, in season, at D. S. Africa's Variety Store, No. 423, in the Diamond. March 15, tf.

LIME,

From the Kiln of George Taylor, Marklesburg, proven by chemical analysis to be of the best quality, constantly kept and for sale in any quantity, at the depot of the H. & B. T. Railroad.

Apply to Henry Leister, "Broad Top House." Jan. 4, '71.

WANTED—Wood choppers, at Greenwood Furnaces, Huntingdon county, to whom liberal wages will be paid. Address GREENWOOD FURNACES,

nov1-3t Huntingdon County, Pa.

FOR ALL KINDS OF

PRINTING,

GO TO THE

"JOURNAL BUILDING."

## New Advertisements.

GRAND DEPOT FOR NEW GOODS.

D. P. GWIN

INFORMS THE PUBLIC THAT HE HAS JUST OPENED A SPLENDID STOCK OF NEW GOODS THAT CAN'T BE BEAT IN CHEAPNESS AND QUALITY.

CALL AND SEE.

D. P. GWIN.

Jan. 4, '71.

LUKE REILLY.

MANUFACTURER OF AND DEALER IN

BREAD, CAKES, PIES, CONFECTIONERY,

AND DEALER IN

GROCERIES, SYRUPS, &c., &c., &c.,

*HUNTINGDON, PA.*

*Bakery on Moore street, and Store at the Corner of Fourth and Allegheny.*

Dealers will be supplied at prices as low as can be had from Philadelphia. [ap.26,'71.

BEE HIVE! BEE HIVE!

QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS IS

*THE MOTTO OF THE*

BEE HIVE GROCERY.

*Montgomery St., near the Broad Top Depot,* HUNTINGDON, PENN'A.

N. B. CORBIN

Has just returned from the East with a large and varied assortment of articles usually found in a first-class Grocery, consisting in part of

SUGARS, TEA. COFFEE, MOLASSSES, CRACKERS, CANDIES, FRUITS, CHEESE, TOBACCO SEGARS,

and everythin, else to be found in an establishment of this kind.

SPICES of all kinds, pure and fresh, such as

| | |
|---|---|
| Cinnamon, | Cloves, |
| Allspice, | Peppers, |
| Mustard, | Ginger, |

and all other articles usually kept in a first-class establishment.

BAKERY.

I continue to carry on my Bakery, and am at all times prepared to supply BREAD. CAKES AND PIES. reasonable prices. The following Fancy Cakes ways on hand or baked to order:

| | |
|---|---|
| Pound Cake, | Lady Cake, |
| Fruit " | Citron " |
| Marble " | Sponge " |

Parties supplied with all kinds of cakes and confections at short notice and reasonable rates. Family flour, of superior brand, always on hand, and for sale as cheap as the cheapest.

CANDY MANUFACTORY.

In connection with my other business I have commenced the manufacture of Candies, and am prepared to supply country dealers with both FANCY and COMMON at as low rates as they can be purchased outside of the Eastern Cities. If you want to save money, Make your purchases at this establishment.

*TOYS!! TOYS!! TOY ! TOYS*

This department is complete and embraces everything in the Toy line from a Jumping Jack to an Elephant. I can sell Toys cheaper than any other house in the county, and all I ask is a visit from the public to substan iate the assertion.

Thankful to the public for the very liberal patronage extended to me in the past. I will exert my best efforts to merit its continuance.

Huntingdon, Jan. 4, 1871.

W. K. RAHM'S

CONFECTIONERY AND GROCERY STORE,

(*One door west of Josiah Cunningham's,*)

Is now stocked with a choice assortment of all kinds of goods usally found in a store of this kind, consisting of

SUGAR, COFFEE, TEA, PEPPER, SALT, &C.

together with an endless variety of

*CANDIES, TOYS, JEWELRY, NOTIONS, &c.*

all of which will be sold as cheap as at any other store in Huntingdon.

A choice brand of Tobacco and Segars always on hand.

Pure Cider Vinegar on hand at all times.

I respectfully ask a share of public patronage, feeling confident that my prices will be satisfactory.

W. K. RHOM.

Jan. 4, '71.

FRESH ARRIVAL OF BOOTS AND SHOES, AT SHAFFER'S NEW STORE.

CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his old friends and customers, that he has just received from the East a large and well selected stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES!

*For Men, Women and Children,*

which he is prepared to sell a trifle lower than any other establishment in town. Being a practical shoemaker, and having had considerable experience, he flatters himself that his stock cannot be surpassed in the county.

Give him a call, at the

CHEAP BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

(*West end of the Diamond*)

HUNTINGDON. PA.

Customer work made to order. in a neat and durable manner.

GEO. SHAFFER.

Jan. 4, '71.

NEW GOODS FOR SPRING AND SUMMER,

at the new cheap store of

CONOVER & DECKER,

No. 625 Hill street.

Our stock consists in part of Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Wood, Willow, and Queensware. Bacon, Flour, Feed, Glass, Nails, and also a full line of

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

Our prices are as low as the lowest. and we respectfully ask a liberal share of public patronage. apr26ly.

PRIVATE RESIDENCE FOR SALE.

Having gone into business at this place I propose to sell my private residence at Bedford, Pennsylvania, at private sale.

It is unnecessary for me to give a description of it to those who are acquainted with it, and to those who have not seen it, and who desire to purchase a neat and complete residence I would say go and examine it. The house was entirely overhauled and renovated but a year or two ago. It is located upon a full lot of ground, 60 feet by 240, on East Pitt street, and the corner of an alley leading to the Steam Mill, which makes it one of the most public places in the town in a business point of view. The lot is under drained by numerous drains, and is second to none in the place. It has produced all the garden vegetables used by my family for years. In addition there is a flower garden and a considerable quantity of excellent fruit. There is a perpetual insurance upon the house.

Address me at Huntingdon or Bedford, Pa.

J. R. DURBORROW.

Huntingdon, Pa., May 31, 1871.

## Boots, Shoes and Leather.

REMOVED TO THE NORTH EAST Corner of the Diamond.

CAN'T BE BEATEN!

*JOHN H. WESTBROOK*

Respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity that he has just received from the city a new and splendid stock of

LEATHERS,

BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS,

*Hosiery, Shoe Findings, Carpet Sacks, Trunks, &c., &c., &c., &c.*

All of which he is prepared to sell at greatly reduced prices.

Don't forget the new stand in the Diamond. Old customers and the public generally are invited to call.

Jan. 4, '71.

DOWN WITH PRICES.

WILLIAM AFRICA

has just opened up a large and varied assortment of

BOOTS.
SHOES,
LADIES' GAITERS,
GLOVE KID SHOES,

and a large supply of heavy work, suitable for men and boys, at very low prices.

I have at all times an assortment of

HANDSOME BOOTS AND SHOES

on hand, which will be disposed of at as reasonable rates as the market will admit of. My stock was selected with great care, and I can confidently recommend all articles in my establishment.

Particular attention paid to the manufacture of customer work, and orders solicited. Satisfaction guaranteed in all orders.

WILLIAM AFRICA.

Jan. 4, '71.

JOHN C. MILLER.

(Successor to C. H. Miller & Son,)

DEALER IN EVERY

VARIETY OF

LEATHER AND

SHOE FINDINGS,

HILL STREET,

HUNTINGDON, PENN'A.

Jan. 4, 1871.

## Miscellaneous.

MUSIC STORE.

You can save from ten to thirty per cent. by buying your Instruments from

E. J. GREENE,

Dealer in

STEINWAY & SONS',
CHICKERING & SONS',
THE UNION PIANO FORTE CO.,
THE WEBER, RAVEN & BACON'S,
GEO. M. GOULD & CO.'S,
CONRAD MEYERS'

*AND ALL OTHER MAKES OF PIANOS.*

MASON & HAMLIN'S

and Geo. Woods & Co.'s celebrated Organs, and any other make desired. Also, Melodeons, Guitars, Violins, Herman Accordeons, Sheet Music, Music Books, &c.

New and good Pianos for $300 and upwards.
" five-octave Organs for 80 "
" Melodeons for 70 "

All Instruments warranted for five years.

Agents supplied at wholesale Rates, as low as in the cities. Call on, or address,

E. J. GREENE, Huntingdon, Pa.,

2nd floor of Leister's new building.

January 4, 1871.

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!!

SELLING OFF AT COST!

The undersigned now offers to the public his entire stock of Plain and Fancy Furniture, consisting of

BUREAUS, BEDSTEADS,
WASH AND CANDLE STANDS,
CHAIRS, MATTRESSES,

Spring Bed Bottoms, and a great variety of PARLOR & KITCHEN FURNITURE, and Chamber suits of every price and description. Home-made work of the best workmanship offered t city prices. Several different kinds of Spring Bed bottoms constantly on hand. Bargains are offered to all who need furniture, as he is closing out at cost.

Work and sale rooms on Hill street, opposite the Monitor office. JAMES HIGGINS.

jan25,'71.

HENRY & CO'S.

LUMBER AND COAL DEPOT.

LUMBER OF ALL KINDS,

Lath, Pickets, &c., constantly on hand

FLOORING, SIDING, DOORS, SASH,

FRAMES, &C., at manufacturers' prices.

ANTHRACITE, BROAD TOP, ALLEGHANY, SANDY LIDGE AND PITTSBURG COAL,

BY the TON, CAR, or BOAT LOAD

Feb. 15, 1871.

SMITH IN HIS NEW BUILDING *CALL AND EXAMINE.*

IF YOU WANT GREAT BARGAINS GO TO SMITH'S NEW STORE.

The best Sugar and Molasses, Coffee, and Tea Chocolate, Flour, Fish, Salt and Vinegar, Confectionaries, Fruits, Cigars, Tobacco, and spices of the best, and all kinds, and every other article usually found in a Grocery Store.

Also—Drugs, Chemicals, Dyé Stuffs, Paints, Varnishes, Oils Spts. Turpentine, Fluid, Alchohol, Glass, Putty, &c., &c. The best Wine and Brandy for medical purposes, and all the best Patent Medicines, and a variety of articles too numerous to mention.

The public generally